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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

LET NO REPUBLICAN bolt his ticket to-morrow.

REPUBLICANS, do your duty to-morrow and vote the whole ticket.

BLACKMORE looked solemn yesterday. He feels that he is whipped, badly whipped.

MAGEE'S election is assured, but we want to see him elected by a rousing majority.

BETS were offered on Saturday night that McGee would carry every ward in the city.

BEWARE of mean and malicious falsehoods usually started by the opposition on the eve of an election.

LET every Republican make it his solemn duty to be at the polls on Tuesday, and vote the whole ticket.

THE ELECTION of Morgan, Magee and McGowan is a foregone conclusion. The question, is what majority shall they have?

CITIZENS, do you want the "mudlarks" of the Fifth ward to take possession of our streets in the Presidential campaign of 1872?

PUT no reliance on the twaddle of the *Post* that certain Republicans will not vote for Morgan. It is false, and they know it.

BLACKMORE'S ELECTION would be heralded from Maine to Texas as a DEMOCRATIC VICTORY in this stronghold of Republicanism.

SHALL the right of the people to peacefully parade the streets be interfered with by wild men who howl for Blackmore, as was the case in 1868?

MCGOWAN has proved an excellent City Controller—indeed, his qualifications for the office are so unanimously admitted that he will have no opposition.

BLACKMORE'S ELECTION would entail upon us one hundred and fifty Democratic policemen, who will use all their exertions to defeat our Presidential nominee next year.

MORGAN, MAGEE AND MCGOWAN! The trinity for whom to cast your votes on Tuesday, if you want good government and faithful guardianship of the city finances.

MAGEE is, *par excellence*, the man for City Treasurer. He has all the qualifications for the office in a marked degree. His honesty and capacity are admitted on all sides. Can the same be said of his opponent after reading the proceedings in equity, published Saturday?

ONE thing we desire to impress upon the minds of all professed Republicans, is the duty they owe to their political associates and the organization of that party. Acting as a party, its nominees should receive the united support of all those claiming to be Republicans in principle.

THE APPOINTMENT OF OVERSEERS.

The petition handed to the Court, calling for the appointment of overseers at the municipal elections, on the grounds that in the opinion of the petitioners, fraud will be perpetrated, does not comply with the law which requires the district or ward to be named where it is thought the fraudulent voting will be done. It is not fair to presume that persons living and voting in the First ward can know what will be done in the Twenty-first or other wards, separated from them by miles. If the petitioners believe that fraud will be committed in any one ward, they have the right to demand from the Court the appointment of honest and capable men to act as overseers, and thus prevent such supposed proceedings. But a petition cannot be made to cover the entire city, as it would be impossible for any one to have sufficient grounds for believing that all of our election officers would prove knaves and perjurers. It is taxing our credulity entirely too severely, and we trust that no such petition will be allowed to influence the court. We emphatically affirm that it is the duty of the Judges to appoint overseers in any specified districts wherever competent citizens swear that, in their judgment, fraud is intended, but a blanket petition, covering the entire city, is most assuredly not intended by the law. It would be establishing a very disagreeable precedent to allow any man, or any two or three men, to impeach the character of all our election officers, with one sweep of the pen. We trust it will not be countenanced; but that overseers will be appointed in any of the wards, where it is believed, by responsible persons, who attest the same under oath, that fraud is intended. Any other position would lead to very troublesome and unnecessary labor.

Sham Building.

Mrs. Swissbelm is severe on Chicago and we do not believe that she would object if her frowns would heed what she says in the *Independent*. For instance: In Chicago, where the smoke still rises from the ruin wrought by her wooden shams, acres and acres of ground have already been covered by a fresh growth of habitations, to be burned as inevitably as were their predecessors. Not only are they putting up the rude structures necessary for shelter and business, but elaborate, extensive, and expensive blocks with tar roofs, wooden walls, and every character istic of a box of tinder, minus the box. In one place they are finishing what is called a "marble block," which is a coarse brick structure, with a thin veneering, on one side, of some kind of whitish stone; and nearly one-third of this veneering is being covered with wooden warts, called bay windows, so elaborately filagreed as to remind one of the poultry-houses which enthusiastic gentlemen farmers used to build, in the crisis of the hen fever. That love of cheap decoration which can induce men, in the awful shadow of death and desolation which hangs on this city, thus to add to the future risk of life and property, is a mania which should subject the patient to the restraints of legal guardianship.

THE *Army and Navy Journal* advocates strongly the formation of a naval ordnance corps; or, in other words, the training of a class of "ordnance experts," who shall make the study of ordnance a specialty. The best and easiest way to do this is, of course, the educating of a certain number of officers already in the active service, and not the formation of another distinct class. On the guns rests the main hope of a man-of-war, and the importance of an efficient ordnance department therefore, be it the writer says, "cannot be fairly questioned that our present system of carrying on the ordnance work of the Navy tends to develop efficiency of the highest order in that department, nor does it afford the service at large a class whose ability can be relied upon, involving principles of the science in which they are supposed to be proficient." There does not be selected and assigned to the performance of the armament of the vessel, as well as the technical duties connected with the observation and study of the progress made in this important branch elsewhere.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVII.—NO. 276. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1871. FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

The Weekly Gazette:
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
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KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK.

Tweed Rumors.

AMERICUS CLUB HOUSE.

Municipal Consolidation.

CUBAN OUTRAGE.

SUIT FOR LIBEL.

NEW YORK, December 2, 1871.

AMERICUS CLUB HOUSE.

The *Times* states that the club house of the Americus Club has been attached in the interest of parties in Connecticut who are believed to be friends of Tweed. The sum for which the premises are seized is only $7,500. The writ is returnable December 2d, and the impression in the town of Greenwich, where the premises are situated, is that the proceedings thus taken will prevent the property being levied upon by the Committee of Seventy.

THE ROBBER CHIEFS.

It is rumored that Hall and Tweed commenced suits in the Supreme Court against the Committee of Seventy.

The *News* says Tweed allowed a note to go to protest last Wednesday, and will be sued to recover the amount.

It is said in well informed circles that Tweed will resign as Commissioner of Public Works, and Samuel G. Courtney be appointed to his place. It is believed that this is a plan to procure the speedy resignation of Hall.

CONSOLIDATION.

It is rumored that the proposed conference of the New York Committee of Seventy with the Brooklyn Committee of Fifty will canvass the subject of proposing to the next Legislature the consolidation of the government of the two cities under one municipal head.

CONNOLLY'S BAIL.

It is stated that the Sheriff is examining the sureties of two or three wealthy men, who desire to go bail for Connolly, but not enough have been raised to procure his release. It is reported, also, that several of Tweed's bondsmen will withdraw to-day.

ERIE STOCK.

Judge Blatchford declared unsatisfactory the petition of Jay Gould for an extension of time in which to produce sixty thousand shares of Erie stock for the English shareholders, and orders the stock to be prepared for delivery as soon as possible.

EXPECTED TO LEAVE.

Rumor says that after Monday next Tweed will never be seen in New York city again. There is no doubt but that some men who know Tweed best now begin to expect him to flee from the country soon.

SUIT INSTITUTED.

Noah Taylor, a Wall street broker, has commenced a suit against General Ryan to recover one hundred and forty dollars, the amount of a check cashed by Taylor for the General.

CONNOLLY'S CONFESSION.

Connolly denies having made a confession. Application will be made on Monday to Judge Larned at Albany to have Connolly's bail reduced.

AID FOR SUFFERERS.

A grand concert will be given to-morrow evening at Steinway Hall in aid of the Belgian sufferers of the Northwest.

THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

It is understood that there will be no radical changes in the Custom House by the new Collector, Gen. Arthur.

ANNIVERSARY.

The colored people will celebrate the twelfth anniversary of the execution of John Brown this evening.

NO MORE CHOLERA.

No vessels are detained at Quarantine, and the excitement in regard to the cholera has wholly subsided.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS.

Fifty thousand dollars were yesterday placed to the credit of the Department of Parks.

NEW YORK, December 3, 1871.

CUBAN OUTRAGE.

Mr. Revos, a resident of Flushing, who arrived here yesterday from Havana, states that he went to Cuba on business. While there he was arrested by Spanish agents and was given three days to quit the island, on pain of death. He showed papers proving himself an American citizen, and appealed to the American Consul for protection, but the latter advised him to leave as soon as possible. Revos departed by the next steamer, without transacting his business.

SUIT FOR LIBEL.

An action for libel has been brought against James Gordon Bennett by Andrew A. Smith. Damages are laid at ten thousand dollars. Smith was a juryman in a recent suit for damages against the Staten Island Ferry Company, growing out of the Westfield disaster. He and two other jurymen stood out in favor of the company, and the alleged libel was an insinuation that they were bribed or offered bribes to induce them to stand out.

CARRIER PIGEONS.

Three carrier pigeons recently flew from the schooner George W. Chase from points off Hatteras, five hundred miles, off Key West, one thousand miles, and another at a point sixteen hundred miles distant, to Whippany, New Jersey, each making a speed of about two hundred miles per hour.

LEG CRUSHED.

Henry Becket, in a quarrel with Baker, a conductor, was flung from a street car, and had his leg crushed by another car coming in the opposite direction. Both conductors were arrested.

REFORM JOURNAL.

The Brooklyn Committee of Fifty propose establishing a morning journal devoted to city reform.

EMPLOYES DISCHARGED.

Four hundred employes of the Park Department were discharged yesterday.

PAYING OFF.

Controller Green is paying off the city workmen as fast as funds are provided.

ARRIVED.

The steamers Rhein, from Bremen, and Angalia, from Glasgow, have arrived.

TWEED'S SUCCESSOR.

Ex District Attorney Courtney denies that he is to be Tweed's successor.

THE WEATHER.

There was a slight snow to-day, followed by rain.

COLUMBUS.

Brutal Assassination.

COLUMBUS, December 3.—Charles F. Garner died this afternoon from the effect of wounds inflicted during an assault made while he was riding through a covered bridge last Thursday, about three miles from the city. A man named John Barclay was to-day lodged in jail charged with the murder. Garner started on Tuesday afternoon in a butcher wagon to go into the country, having in his possession between three hundred and four hundred dollars. Barclay, it is alleged, purchased a hammer and crawled into the wagon and under the seat with the knowledge of Garner, and rode this way until they reached the covered bridge across Allum creek, when he struck Garner from behind with the hammer. Several terrible blows were given on the head and forehead. Barclay then took Garner's pocket book and money and fled. Garner was arrested in Brighton woods, between London and Springfield.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

On Tuesday next, after the adjournment of Court, a preliminary meeting will be held in the Supreme Court room in regard to the death of Thomas Ewing, Sr., at which a committee will be appointed to prepare resolutions of respect.

DIED.

Capt. E. Penrose Jones, ordinance store keeper at the United States arsenal in this city, died to day.

FOREIGN.

The Saxon Diet.

U. S. MONITOR AT HAVANA.

Telegraph Congress.

CUBA.

ARRIVAL OF U. S. MONITOR.

HAVANA, December 2.—The United States monitor Terror has arrived in this harbor from Key West.

THE RECENT TRAGEDY.

The newspaper *Constancia* deprecates the present scenes of violence, and seeks to tranquilize the public mind. Its tone gives great offence to the volunteer elements, but moderate men of all classes applaud its articles as opportune.

SURRENDER OF INSURGENTS.

An insurgent major named Arquiza, with four other officers and fifty-seven soldiers, have surrendered to General Amperdil at Ajidesaqua.

GERMANY.

THE BRAZILIAN DIFFICULTY.

BERLIN, December 2.—The Brazilian difficulty is still pending. The *Gazette* declares that nothing but an apology from the authorities of Brazil and indemnification to the injured parties will be satisfactory to the German Government.

THE SAXON DIET.

DRESDEN, December 2.—The Saxon Diet was opened yesterday by the King, who, in a speech from the throne, congratulated the House on the prosperous condition of the Kingdom, and declared in unequivocal terms his adhesion to the German Empire.

ITALY.

TELEGRAPH CONGRESS.

ROME, December 2.—The Congress of representatives of European telegraph companies assembled here yesterday. Signor D'Amico, Director General of Telegraphs for the Italian Government, was elected President.

CANADA.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMERS.

COLLINGWOOD, December 2.—The three steamers Chicora, Manitoba and Cumberland arrived to-day from Fort William. There has been much anxiety about them.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Alexis has accepted an invitation to visit Lowell.

—Sixty-six deaths from small-pox occurred at Cincinnati last week.

—Two hundred and thirty-three deaths from small pox occurred in Philadelphia last week.

—Norris F. Smith, a vocalist and organist, was run over by cars at Ottawa, Ill., on Thursday last, and killed.

—A man named Emery was killed by a person named Blythe at Beatrice, Neb., last Thursday, by a blow from a billiard cue.

—The Hide and Leather Insurance Company, of Boston, which was made bank rupt by the Chicago fire, has been placed in the hands of a receiver.

—The Russian fleet leaves in a few days for New Orleans, where the Prince will join it at the end of his tour of the States and proceed to China.

—Prof. J. W. Foster, the eminent geologist, is at Terre Haute, Ind., for the purpose of reporting upon the mineral resources of southern Indiana.

—George B. Young, for nearly thirty-eight years connected with the New Orleans *Price Current*, has been relieved, and is succeeded by Mr. J. C. Dennis.

—The Emma Hill mine, in Utah, is attracting much attention. The first vein of ore a few days since yielded one hundred and twenty-three dollars per ton.

—General Dix presented on Saturday to the Grand Duke the picture of the late Admiral Farragut, to be presented by him to his father, the Emperor of Russia.

—The court house at Centreville, Reynolds county, Missouri, was burned down on the night of November 24th, and all the county records, tax books, etc., were destroyed.

—The Tobacco Association of St. Louis, following the steps of the Cotton Association, has raised ten thousand dollars, which will be awarded in premiums at the annual tobacco fair.

—Mrs. E. G. Wharton, the alleged poisoner of General Ketchum and others, was last Friday removed from the Baltimore city jail to Annapolis, where her trial commences to-day.

—It is understood that the Ohio and Mississippi and Baltimore and Ohio Railroads will join the Missouri Pacific and Atlantic and Pacific in the construction of a bridge at South St. Louis.

—Mr. Parsell, Superintendent of the eastern division of the Missouri Pacific Road, has resigned, and J. T. Redmond, Assistant Superintendent of the Atlantic and Pacific, will take his place.

—F. W. Lendrum, a night clerk in the Louisville post office, has been arrested for robbing the mails. He kept a fast woman, a fast horse, etc., and was sporting valuable diamonds on a thousand a year.

—A common kitchen boiler, in a dwelling house in Paterson, N. J., exploded on Thursday night, demolishing the kitchen and basement and partially blowing down the walls on one side of the house. No lives were lost.

—Some eighty attaches of the Brooklyn Water Board, said to be mainly ward inspectors and secretaries of the Ward Associations, were to be discharged last Saturday, their positions having been discovered to be mainly sinecures.

—A Greensboro (N. C.) dispatch states that Gilmore, who was to have been hung last Friday, was again respited for two weeks. It is believed his sentence will be commuted to imprisonment for life, he being over seventy years of age.

—Mrs. Newman, a school teacher of Collinsville, Illinois, while attempting to get on a ferry boat last Friday night to cross the river and take the train home, missed her footing and fell into the river among the ice cakes, and was drowned.

—Capt. Hendricks, Secretary of the Missouri State Senate, who stabbed W. A. McCallister at Bowling Green, Pike county, Mo., a few evenings since at a ball, underwent an examination last Friday and Saturday, and was discharged, it being proved that he acted in self defense.

—Col. Thos. McKissock, for many years General Superintendent of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, has resigned, and A. A. Talmadge, Superintendent of the Atlantic and Pacific, will hereafter have charge of both roads, under the consolidation spoken of a day or two ago in these dispatches.

—In an interview last Friday the Catholic priest at Hunter's Point, L. I., stated that he was opposed to the reading of the Bible in public schools, but desired to have it prohibited by legal measures. He admitted having counseled his congregation last Sabbath to use all lawful means to prevent the Bible being read, but did not counsel violence.

—At an election held at Davenport, Iowa, on Friday, it was voted to borrow $300,000 for building water works. It is understood that an injunction will be obtained restraining the city authorities from issuing water work bonds, on the ground that the city already has an indebtedness equal to five per cent. of her valuation, which is the limit fixed by the constitution. The new city and county government will be inaugurated to-day.

—A Scranton special states that the low price for coal realized at auction in New York city causes considerable excitement, and that if lower prices are obtained at the December sale, there will undoubtedly be a strike in January among the miners. The same special states that the Andenn shaft, near Wilkesbarre, sank nearly two feet last Friday, causing some excitement, but no serious danger is apprehended.

THE Grand Duke must not be alarmed at the uprising of the telegraphic Poles all over the city. If trouble is anticipated, perhaps the Poles had better be cut down in advance with a war-saw. Mr. Phillips can perhaps explain the wire wherefore of this demonstration.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Department Reports.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Secretary of War.

MEETING OF CONGRESS.

Gold Sales and Bond Purchases.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, December 2, 1871.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

The report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue states that the aggregate receipts from all sources, exclusive of direct tax upon lands and the duty upon the circulation of deposits of National Banks, were, for the fiscal year of 1871, $144,011,176. This sum includes the amount refunded and allowed on drawbacks, amounting to $640,468. The Commissioner's estimate of receipts for the current fiscal year under the present law is $125,000,000; receipts from spirits for the fiscal year, $46,281,848; amount of tax received on fermented liquors, $7,159,740; the total receipts from tobacco for the year were $33,578,097; total amount of manufactured tobacco represented by the amount of collections, 105,828,963 pounds; total number of cigars, cheroots, &c., on which taxes have been collected, 1,332,844,357. The increase is due to the recent change in the law changing the mode of collecting these articles. The Commissioner favors the consolidating of the tobacco tax at the rate of twenty-four cents, if it can be done without loss to the government, and expresses the opinion that the present system of export in bonded warehouses can be entirely abandoned in the interest both of the government and manufacturers.

He recommends that Congress provide that evidence of the loss of tobacco at sea, satisfactory to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, shall have all the force of a landing certificate for the purposes of drawback. The want of authority to print stamps for condemned tobacco, which is constantly accumulating in the hands of Government officers, has caused much embarrassment, and the Commissioner recommends that Congress authorize him, upon a requisition of the officers having the custody of said condemned tobacco, to furnish suitable revenue stamps, to be attached and canceled before it is offered for sale, as it frequently happens that tax paid stamps are lost from packages of spirits by unavoidable accident without fault on the part of the persons interested, the spirits being thus exposed to seizure and detention. Authority is asked for to protect such spirits by restamping.

Owing to Congressional omission to authorize the remission of taxes on ship building, he has ordered such taxes to be collected.

He recommends that the Commissioner be prohibited from considering or allowing any claim not presented within two years from the time the tax was paid, and that all claims be barred in courts after six years from the date of payment of the tax.

The report concludes by stating that two hundred and thirty accounts of ex-collectors are still open, one hundred and fifteen of which have been placed in the hands of attorneys, for suits against the bondsmen of the delinquents.

The total amount received from compromised revenue cases for the year is $618,497; total value of seizures, $915,240.

WASHINGTON, December 3, 1871.

REPORT OF SECRETARY OF WAR.

The Secretary of War's report, the main facts of which were printed two weeks ago from the bureau reports, shows the army on July 1st to have been reduced to 30,000. Expenditures for the year, about $40,000,000, including nearly $6,000,000 for river and harbor improvements. The estimate for military purposes for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1873, is $32,415,472. The Treasury realized thus far for the present fiscal year $21,766,403 from the sale of arms, and other sources. An estimate of $3,000,000 is made for the settlement of claims pending the States for the calling of troops into service.

The Secretary says it is with great embarrassment that the appropriations made at the last session can be so economized as to answer the pressing requirements of the service. He recommends that extra lieutenants be authorized to serve as regimental quartermasters, to be discontinued as vacancies occur in those grades, effecting an ultimate reduction of eighty lieutenants; that the grade of quartermaster sergeant be abolished; also those of company artificer and wagoner, which will save 1,165 enlisted men to the service at a year's cost of $1,000,000; proceeds of sales of clothing from June 30th, 1870, to date, were $1,875,728; cost of transportation for the year about $1,500,000. The Southern railroads still owe the department $4,724,250.

The Secretary alludes to the existence of an armed rebellion, of a regular organization and great strength, in parts of the Southern States, and the necessity of the use of the armed force of the nation to put it down and bring the leaders to speedy justice.

General Belknap closes with a renewed recommendation for a fire-proof building for the War Department, and the expression of the hope that reform will be effected in all the departments of the Government by the labors of the Civil Service Commission.

MEETING OF CONGRESS.

There seems to be no doubt that a quorum of both Houses of Congress will be present to-morrow. The message will be transmitted directly after the President shall have been informed by the Joint Committee that they are ready to receive any communication he may have to make. Both the message and the report of the Secretary of the Treasury will be telegraphed to the distant press, but printed copies of the reports of heads of departments have been sent out in advance of their delivery.

It is understood that Speaker Blaine has not yet announced standing committees to this city fully made up, and has not consented to entertain the question of changing any important assignment. Unusual reticence has been maintained, and all assertions as to particular appointments are mere speculative guessing, and entirely unauthorized. The list, it is expected, will be announced to-morrow, shortly after the House proceedings commence.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

It has been ascertained from official sources that no correspondence whatever has passed between Minister Roberts and Secretary Fish relative to recent events at Cuba, the only communication received from Minister Roberts during the past week being some documents to be laid before the American and Spanish Claims Commission. Nor have any official advices been received from Havana since the telegram from our Consul General, who, during the excitement consequent on the alleged desecration of Castanon's tomb, advised our Government that there were fears of a general massacre, and hence the importance of a United States fleet in that quarter, to protect American citizens and their interests. The force on the North Atlantic station consists of ten ships, mounting seventy guns.

NAVY MATTERS.

It is understood in navy circles that the navy estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1873, will amount to about $20,000,000. These are in the aggregate more than $1,200,000 less than those made for the current year, and more than half a million less than the appropriations made by Congress for that period. It is further said that the Secretary will recommend that the grade of Commodore be dispensed with, and that after this grade shall have elapsed by the death, retirement or promotion of the present incumbents, promotions be made to the grade of Rear Admiral as vacancies occur from the list of captains, and that a further decrease be made in officers by increasing the cadetship terms from four to six years. This is recommended as both a matter of efficiency and economy.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

The lowest barometer will probably extend by Monday noon eastward over New York, with south and southeast winds from Pennsylvania to Maine, and rain or snow on the coast. Cloudy weather with rain continue to-night from the lower lakes to the Ohio valley and middle Atlantic coast; pleasant weather continue on the immediate Gulf coast on Monday, a rising barometer with brisk northwest winds prevail by Monday morning from Lake Huron to Arkansas and westward. Cautionary signals continue for to-night at Oswego, Rochester, Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, Grand Haven, Chicago and Milwaukee, and are ordered for Detroit and Cape May.

CLAIMS COMMISSION.

Only about twenty claims have as yet been presented to the United States and British Commission. At a meeting on Wednesday important questions will be considered, as various claims of British subjects heretofore adjudicated in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims, may be presented to the Commission. A rule will be established concerning them.

THE SCHOONER HORTON.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the issue of papers to the schooner Horton, recently seized at Gloucester by the Collector of Customs, a full investigation of the facts showing that there is no reason to deprive the owner of the necessary sailing papers.

GOLD SALES AND BOND PURCHASES.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the Assistant Treasurer at New York to buy one million bonds every Wednesday and sell one million gold every Thursday during the month of December.

RAILWAY CASES.

A large number of old cases, principally of railroad corporations, pending in the Internal Revenue Office for some months, will at an early day be taken up and disposed of by the Commissioner.

COIN CERTIFICATES.

The total number of coin certificates redeemed since the first issue is $479,660,000. The total amount outstanding on the 30th of June last was nearly $20,000,000.

SUPREME JUDGES.

The Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States will to-morrow, in accordance with usage, call upon President Grant in a body, to pay their respects.

CALIFORNIA.

Shooting Affray.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 1.—This afternoon an altercation on Montgomery street, between Judge Lake, of the Municipal Court, and Charles DeYoung of the *Chronicle*, resulted in an affray, during which Young received a scalp wound. Judge J. E. Wheeler, who was passing, received a bullet through the fleshy part of his thigh. Lake was immediately arrested, but says he saw Young drawing his pistol and then drew his own, giving him a blow with the butt of it, when one chamber was discharged, hitting Wheeler. Lake gave bail for $1,000. Young's wound was not serious.

APACHE RAIDS.

The Apaches are raiding successfully in Southern Arizona.

ROBBERIES.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 2.—Armed robbers entered the postoffice at San Buenaventura at four P. M. on the 28th of November, took four thousand dollars and escaped.

The Hamilton and Pioche stage, in Nevada, was robbed yesterday by highwaymen, securing Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box, containing one thousand dollars.

A BROKEN HEART HEALED.

Miss Lotta K. Turner, daughter of the late Admiral Turner, of the U. S. Navy, who sued Don Caledonia Arlis, of Sonora, Mexico, for the sum of $200,000 damages for seduction and breach of promise, obtained a verdict for $7,500 this morning. The defendant is old enough to be her father. The intimacy lasted several years.

THE LOS ANGELES MASSACRE.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 3.—The Los Angeles Grand Jury found thirty-five indictments for the Chinese massacre, and severely censured the municipal authorities.

ARKANSAS.

Horrible Outrage.

LITTLE ROCK, December 2.—A horrible tragedy occurred on Mulberry creek, Franklin county, on Sunday last. Richard Hill, a farmer, had in his employ as farm hands two young men, aged sixteen and eighteen respectively, named Joseph Furbish and William Chenowith. They formed a plan to rob the house, and in order to carry out their schemes, after eating their dinner as usual, Furbish went out to chop some wood. While doing so a little four-year-old girl came out. Presently he picked up the child and started off with her towards the creek, where he was soon joined by Chenowith, and after proceeding some distance from the house they horribly outraged the little child, and after cruelly murdering her threw the body into a deep pool of the creek. When the child was missed by its parents the father and some neighbors commenced a diligent search. It was at this time that the murderers expected to rob the house while all the family were absent, but Mrs. Hill remained at home. After searching all night the body of the child was found in the creek, with the neck broken and the body horribly mutilated. Suspicion at once fell upon Furbish and Chenowith, and they were arrested, when they made a full confession, and while the two were being taken to jail, on attempting to escape, they were both killed by the guard.

OMAHA.

OMAHA, Neb., December 3.—The snow in the Valley of the Republican is reported to be very deep, and a large number of people were frozen. One party found seven men frozen to death. The Union Pacific express trains of December 1st and 2nd both came in yesterday. There was no express train from the west and none was sent west to-day. A report says the train due here this afternoon is stuck in the snow at Elm Creek, and will probably not get away from there till to-morrow morning.

ALEXIS.

Presentation.

NEW YORK, December 2.—General Dix, on behalf of the citizens of New York, presented a picture of Farragut to Alexis this noon. Alexis accepted the present on behalf of his father, saying it would take its place among the choice collections of the Russian Government. He trusted that peace and good will would never be disturbed between the two countries. Many people were present.

BANQUET AT DELMONICO S.

A banquet was given this evening at Delmonico's by the New York Yacht Club to Grand Duke Alexis. In reply to a toast, the Grand Duke expressed his deep gratitude for the warmth of the reception he had everywhere met with since his arrival in the United States, and said that the remembrance of his visit would ever form one of the most cherished recollections of his life.

AT THE MINSTRELS.

Grand Duke Alexis attended Bryant's Minstrels on Thursday evening.

LOUISVILLE.

The Presidency.

LOUISVILLE, December 3.—The *Courier-Journal* to-morrow publishes a Washington special giving a conversation between Senator Trumbull and a well known and prominent politicians. The Senator declared with unusual emphasis that he would not be a Conservative candidate for the Presidency against Grant. He preferred a seat in the Senate; besides, the people were not ready for a change. Grant's defeat would cause a reaction in the south, whose consequences would be worse than the present state of affairs. The Democrats will not adopt a passive policy, which is a disbandment. The Republican party, if not really divided, will poll a larger vote next year than in 1868.

NASBY RECENTLY gave this sketch of one of his friends, to a reporter in Philadelphia, who interviewed him on sundry topics: "Thomas Nast is a man thirty-four years of age, and about five feet seven inches in height. He has a keen, sharp eye, and a good German face, has black hair, and is dapper and neat in his person. I think he was born in Breslau, Germany, and came over here when he was three years of age. His father settled down in New York as a jeweller, but he was already betrothed to art. Frank Leslie, I think, brought him out first, at the time he sent him to England to make pictures of the great Heenan-Sayres prize fight. And then, when the war broke out, the Harpers sent him South to sketch battles. It was in 1862, just after the election, when all the country was clamoring for peace at any price, that he struck the particular vein in which he has since become famous. The picture he drew then, entitled "Peace," was grand. It represented a United States soldier's grave, over the tombstone of which was weeping Columbia. At the foot stood a companion to the dead loyalist, stripped of his arms, and shaking hands with a rebel armed to the teeth and with one foot upon the grave. That picture made his reputation. He was as well known the next day as he is now. It was circulated by the million as a campaign document. He lives, I think, in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, New York, near Harlem, in a modest frame house. His wife and his three sons constitute his family. They have no servants. At the end of the lot on which his house stands is a one story brick building, where he does his work. He has there the quaintest collection of curiosities, chiefly of art, that could be imagined. His wife is a lady of rare intelligence, who assists him greatly in his labors. She is a relative of James Parton. Nast is a man of indomitable courage and rare intelligence. Politically he is a most intense Radical. The last thing he does is always his best. Nast is a moralist—a man who must have an idea. His pencil is savage and bitter, and cuts like the knout. He tells in ten strokes of his pencil what it would take volumes to express.

INFINITE are the works which Societies for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals find to do. The Boston Association is at present devoting itself to the extirpation of the glanders, a disease dangerous alike to the horse and the man who handles him. Death by glanders in the human patient is of so frightful a character that hydrophobia, even, kills more gently. In horses the disease is engendered by badly ventilated stables. A specific poison affects the blood, and the trouble and danger are enhanced by poor food and overwork. How common it is may be inferred from the fact that during the month just passed, the Boston Society caused to be killed no less than fifteen glandered horses. One man has lately died of the disease there, and in a single stable as many as eight horses. The stamping out process, we believe, is the only known remedy. By the law of Massachusetts, he who knowingly keeps a glandered horse is liable to indictment.

RAILROADS.

Consolidation.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 2.—The Louisville & Nashville and Nashville & Decatur Railroad Companies, which consolidated some time back with the South & North Alabama, forming a line from Louisville to Montgomery, are now in treaty to lease the Montgomery & Eufaula and Brunswick & Albany Railroads, which will give them an unbroken line to Savannah and Brunswick.

ST. LOUIS, LAWRENCE AND DENVER.

LAWRENCE, Ks., December 2.—The last rail of the St. Louis, Lawrence and Denver Railroad was laid in this city to-day, and the road runs from Lawrence to Pleasant Hill, Mo., where it connects with the Missouri Pacific, making a direct line to St. Louis, sixteen miles shorter than by any other route. The road has been leased and is operated by the Missouri Pacific Company.

KENTUCKY AND GREAT EASTERN.

CINCINNATI, December 3.—Lewis county, Kentucky, after a spirited campaign yesterday, voted $100,000 subscriptions to the Kentucky and Great Eastern Railroad, by a majority of about two hundred.

SOUTH WESTERN.

TERRE HAUTE, December 3.—W. B. Luell, of this city, has been elected President of the Southwestern Railroad Company.

CINCINNATI AND TERRE HAUTE.

Ground will be broken on the Cincinnati and Terre Haute Railroad at Lockport to-morrow morning.

CHICAGO.

Fatal Accident.

CHICAGO, December 2.—Last evening at the foot of Lake street John Lewis, foreman in the construction of a temporary depot for the Michigan Central Railroad, was run over by a locomotive and so badly mangled that he died in a few minutes.

DIED FROM AN OVERDOSE.

Mary P. Hopper, a nurse in the family of Dr. Cornill, Superintendent of the insane asylum at Jacksonville, Ill., died this morning from an overdose of medicine. The girl was ill, and Dr. Cornill prescribed medicine, to be taken in six doses, but she, misunderstanding, took it all at one time, and death ensued in a few hours.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE.

It is said that efforts are being made to induce the Northwestern Railroad Company to erect a large passenger depot on the north side of the river, opposite the Michigan Central depot, and have the two depots connected for the convenience of the traveling public by a bridge. It is not supposed that there will be any difficulty in carrying out this plan. The Northwestern have, however, decided, it is said, on having a branch depot for the accommodation of west siders at some point west of the north branch.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, December 3.—River eleven feet and rising; threatening rain. Arrived: Exchange, Pittsburgh. Departed: Messenger, Pittsburgh.

ST. LOUIS, December 3.—River falling at the rate of six inches per day, and nearly full of ice. All the channels between the bridge piers are gorged except one or two. A day's hard freezing would close this, and give us an open harbor and fine navigation, but low water to Cairo. Weather cloudy and mild until 5 P. M., when it turned cold and a slight snow fell; freezing.

EVANSVILLE, December 3.—Cloudy and cool; snow this morning, drizzling rain to-night; wind from the south; mercury 38. River stationary. Down—Palestine, 8 P. M.; Falls City, 5 A. M.; Lidia Norvell, 2 P. M.; Tarascon, 4:30. Up—Quickstep, 7 A. M.; Fayette, 3 P. M.; Groesbeck, 4:30. Nothing doing.

LOUISVILLE, December 3.—River swelling slowly; 5 feet 4 inches in canal; 3 feet 4 inches in chute. Cloudy and milder.

THE WEATHER.

Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., December 2.—Navigation on the Hudson is closed as far south as Tivali. Numerous boats, steamers and barges, all heavily laden, are frozen in.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, December 2.—Advices from below report that the river is choked with ice and that great damage has been done to shipping. Many vessels have been abandoned and the crews rescued in a frozen condition.

ST. CATHERINES.

ST. CATHERINES, December 2.—The canal is full of ice, but the weather is mild. The propellers are moving very slow and will get through if this weather continues.

MEMPHIS.

Municipal Canvass.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 3.—The municipal canvass is becoming very exciting. Democratic ward meetings were held last night to elect delegates to the Convention to nominate a candidate for Mayor and other officers in the Ninth and Tenth. The friends of Mayor Johnson, the present incumbent, voted down a proposition to elect delegates in the Third and Seventh. Policemen and roughs tried to break up the meetings, but delegates were elected in all except the Ninth and Tenth. Mayor Johnson will doubtless run independent.

Braddock's Grave.

Our readers may remember that in September last we published an account of our visit to the mountains east of Uniontown in Fayette county, mentioning among other points visited, Fort Necessity, Braddock's grave and Dunbar's Camp, Washington Spring, and others made memorable by their connection with the advance and retreat of General Braddock's expedition to Fur Duquesne in 1755. We then said that nothing remained to denote the place of Braddock's grave, but the rotten stump of the tree beside which his bones were interred about 1822, and we also said that Mr. John M. Patterson, of the firm of J. R. & A. Murdoch, nursery men of this city, whom we met on the mountains, agreeing with us that living trees should take the place of the dead stump, that future generations might be able to identify the spot where the brave but rash and imprudent Briton's remains were mouldering—pledged his firm to supply suitable trees, and plant the same around the grave.

We now have to report the fulfillment of the pledge then published. The Messrs. Murdoch having selected the trees on Tuesday last, they were removed to the depot of the Connellsville Railroad, and on the following day, accompanied by the elder Mr. Murdoch, a patriarch among nurserymen, who kindly volunteered his personal aid, we took the 6:30 train for Uniontown, with the trees in the baggage car, (sent free by the courtesy of Mr. Hubbard;) arrived at Uniontown after sundry delays at 1 P. M.; hired a spring wagon, and with the trees proceeded at 1:30 to our destination, to which we reached at 3 P. M., and went to work with mattock and spade, assisted by Mr. Dixon, owner of the farm, and Mr. David Johnson, of Chalkhill, and completed the task by 4 o'clock, and immediately returned to Uniontown, arriving at 6 P. M. Slept at the McClellan House, now kept and well kept by Mr. Wyat, a courteous and obliging landlord. We were up on Thursday (Thanksgiving) mor

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

MONDAY, DEC. 4, 1871.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871.

FOR MAYOR—R. W. MORGAN.
FOR TREASURER—C. L. MAGEE.
FOR CONTROLLER—R. J. McGOWAN.

BONDS at Frankfort 97¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 46f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 110¼@110¾.

MR. J. SCOTT STEWART, a former Pittsburgher, and now consul at Osaka, Japan, has resigned his consulate, the resignation to take effect on the first of January.

WE invite the attention of our readers to a communication from our valued correspondent, Hon. Andrew Stewart, on the Ohio River improvement. It contains much useful information, and will prove very interesting to all our people.

IN speaking of Carr, the mayor of Duvall's Bluff, who telegraphed an invitation to the Grand Duke Alexis, the Rochester *Chronicle* says: "Let Carr be written down in history; but where is the geography which locates him?" Which reminds us of a remark we heard in regard to Mrs. Woodhull's grandiloquent lecture the other evening, to the effect that her knowledge of dictionary was almost sufficient to counteract her woeful ignorance of grammar.

ACCORDING to the latest accounts received from Arizona, it would seem that, as has often been the case before, the poor Indians have been having the sins of other people laid upon their shoulders. A correspondent, writing from Camp Whipple gives details which prove that Mr. Fred W. Loring, the lamented young author, was killed, but not by either Indians or Mexicans. None of the survivors saw the attacking party, and a visit to the scene of the catastrophe shows that nothing was taken from the deceased that Indians usually take, such as horses, guns, bright blankets, etc., but the mail and luggage had been ransacked and money letters opened, leaving but little doubt that the perpetrators of the crime were white highwaymen, known in that country as road agents.

THE PRIMARY ELECTIONS in some of the wards of this city, and in all of Allegheny, were held on Saturday, and a very full vote was cast. The interest shown was highly commendable, and speaks well for the general appreciation of our citizens of the importance of these preliminary meetings. Too much neglect has been hitherto shown, and we trust that the interest of Saturday will be repeated hereafter at all primary elections. Where our party has such a large majority, the candidates who receive the nominations are generally elected; and the decision is really made at the nominating or primary meetings, as to who the officers shall be. We have continued to urge the importance of attending these meetings, and we are pleased to record such a large vote as that cast on Saturday.

DURING the recent Franco-German war, the French accused the invading Germans so often of thieving, outrageous behavior, murder, arson and all vile crimes, that we believe, the impression made by these unproven accusations has not been removed from the minds of many persons, although many things have occurred to disprove the French statements. Among these was the recent sale in Paris, of the Emperor's wines. The Germans were constantly accused of stealing whole vintages, yet, although they occupied the Tuileries, Fontainebleau and Compiegne, and certainly had complete control of those palaces, from the mansard roofs to the wine cellars, yet the auctioneer announced for sale: one hundred thousand bottles and fifty seven butts, catalogued distinctly as from the cellars of the chateaux which we have named above. Among these were many rare wines, including one thousand of champagne, twelve thousand of Moutrose claret, six hundred of Chateau Yquem and even nearly eight hundred of that German ambrosia, Metternich's Johannesberger. After this we think that the epithet of wine thief may as well be dropped when the German soldiers are mentioned.

MESSRS. BAUER and HESS have issued a proclamation or pronunciamento addressed to the voters of Pittsburgh in which they abuse the Republican candidates for Mayor and Treasurer, assert that they were nominated by means of the most shameless frauds, and call upon the voters to elect other candidates whom they name. Mr. Baner is the editor of a German newspaper, which no longer even professes Republicanism, and Mr. Hess, we suppose, is a protege of his. They make damaging assertions regarding the Republican nominees, but they do not offer a single proof, so that their word must be taken for just what it is worth. They might just as easily accuse our nominees of cannibalism, or any other crime that they happen to prefer, because accusations are very cheap, and their contract does not call for proof. They reflect upon the validity of the nominations, made at the Republican primary elections, and proceed to nominate candidates for themselves, so that they now offer the public a chance to choose between gentlemen who were designated by a majority of the Republican voters of the city, and gentlemen, who were designated by a couple of obscure but ambitious individuals. This, as regards the candidates for Mayor and Treasurer. For Controller, Messrs. Bauer and Hess have decided upon the Republican candidate who would do well to make haste to decline the doubtful honor.

THE MOOD OF CONGRESS.

Congress will meet to-day. It appears to be generally supposed that not much important legislation will be effected during the session. The closeness of the Presidential struggle and the excitement generally prevailing in politics, would lead to this conclusion if there were no other grounds for it. The tariff no doubt will suffer some from the usual tinkering of the free trade elements; the Ku Klux report will cause a sputter among the Democrats, but the struggle will chiefly be to arrange and complete the programmes for the coming Presidential canvass. We have reason to hope, however, that favorable action will be taken on the civil service reform measures, and thus remove the greatest evil yet clinging to our governmental system. The taxes will be largely reduced in accordance with the views of the President and Secretary of the Treasury, so that just sufficient revenue shall be derived from all sources to meet the current expenses, the interest on the public debt, and reduce the latter in amount not exceeding fifty millions per annum. It is conceded on all hands that the oft attacked income tax will at last take its final departure from our list of troubles, and the internal revenue department will be stripped of its duties, excepting those made necessary by the gathering of the tax on whiskey, tobacco, distilled spirits, and stamps. The reduction of the taxes, which will amount to fifty millions or more, will, it is thought, be about equally divided between the internal revenues and the tariff, the duties on sugar, tea and coffee being the first to yield. The duty on coal and salt will in all probability be removed, whilst the free list will be increased by the addition of many articles from which but a small revenue is derived. These important changes and modifications will doubtless comprise about all the real work that this session of Congress may be expected to do, and in effecting this much, months of debate, and struggles amongst the different interests will be endured.

After all we think the less legislation we have during the next five years the better for the country. Our Governmental system of course is far from perfect, but the wheels are well fitted to the grooves, and our affairs are running along as smoothly as one could wish. The most serious matter just now is to secure the services of thoroughly honest and competent men to fill the numerous important offices under the Government; and this once well under the control of a reliable civil service commission, and removed wholly out side of politics, one of the greatest trouble and drawbacks and dangers shall have been overcome. With an honest Executive, supported by officers of undoubted integrity, we shall continue to go forward on our great mission, and our debt in a few years will cease to be felt by any interest, or any citizen. Continued peace will secure our prosperity and our progress as a nation.

MORGAN OR BLACKMORE.

The miserable sycophancy and total lack of moral courage exhibited by Mr. Blackmore when he occupied the chair of the chief magistrate of our city in 1868, are remembered by all citizens, and are cherished against him. Like his Democratic brother Mayor Hall, of New York, he cringed with servile fear, and bowed his head before the howling mob, which threatened to take possession of our streets. He was rebuked then, we remember, by outspoken and fearless members of his party, who felt deeply the humiliation of the scene, and who avowed his entire unfitness to be trusted with our interests and liberties. James Blackmore has proved himself in many ways unfitted for the position to which he has thrice aspired. This fact we state boldly, and without fear of contradiction. He is a gentleman and a kind hearted man, but he totally lacks the elements of character demanded of the Mayor of a great city, and no one knows it better than those who are urging his election, solely on the grounds of availability. Opposed to him is a young man of a decidedly energetic and positive character, who is bold, plain and courageous, who has already faced death on the battle field, whilst his cringing competitor was classed among those known to be inimical to the government, who would strangle ruffianism and defy such a howling mob as compelled Blackmore into abject submission. This is the character of Capt. B. W Morgan, and because of its very candor and positiveness, it has made him bitter enemies, where mildness and negative qualities, such as are claimed for his opponent, would have succeeded in winning the esteem of persons of all shades of politics. We are firm in our belief, that leaving politics, services to his country and all else of an extraneous nature aside, and judging the two men just as they are, Ben. W. Morgan is infinitely better suited for the position of Mayor of Pittsburgh, than his smiling, hand-shaking, milk-and-water competitor, James Blackmore. Fully persuaded of this FACT, we accord to him our hearty support, and hope that no citizen will be led astray by the scandalous efforts of his enemies, in their endeavor to blacken his character.

HON. A. P. CALLOW.

The re-nomination of this well-known and deservedly popular gentleman, for the office of Mayor, by the Republicans of Allegheny, is a tribute to his worth, and an endorsement of his services as Chief Magistrate of our sister city, that will meet with very general approval. Although opposed by two influential and highly respected citizens, he has secured the nomination by a large majority over both. His administration of municipal affairs during the past two years has been highly satisfactory, as is fully attested by the large vote cast for his re nomination. His Honor is a thorough and systematic officer, unbending in his administration of justice, but withal a courteous, affable and obliging citizen. As a magistrate, he has proved his efficiency; and we congratulate him, and our Republican friends over the river, that he has been again chosen to serve for another term. By the terms of the municipal charter adopted a year ago, Mayor Callow can not be his own successor, after this term for which he has now been nominated. We predict for him a faithful compliance with his oath of office, and feel well assured that his duties will be performed with dignity and fidelity.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

The Approaching Congress.

[From our own Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, November 29, 1871.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

From year to year the range of Congressional legislation has increased in extent and importance. It is found that as the country becomes older its interests are more diversified, and that the old policy of allowing everything to drift with the tide and take care of itself can no longer be maintained.

Among the new measures which will come before Congress and upon which the press and the people ought to be posted *pro* and *con* are:

The organization of Post Office Savings Banks, which will enable the people to have a Savings Bank that can never break at each county seat or other place of commercial importance. The government will pay for the use of money from five dollars upwards, 3 65-100 per cent, or one cent per day per hundred dollars, and transfer the deposits by means of post office orders to any locality within the United States free of charge.

The abolition of the telegraph monopoly and the establishment of a postal telegraph system, so that messages can be sent everywhere at a uniform rate, not exceeding twenty cents for ten words and one cent for every additional word.

The establishment of a Bureau of Immigration to take charge of the interests of the newly arrived immigrants who are now subject to very great and unnecessary hardships by which means immigration, especially of the better sort, is found to be impeded, and the immigrants demoralized.

The project of establishing a Government Insurance Company, which will insure all the real estate in the country at a greatly reduced rate of premium, and not be effected disastrously by such a conflagration as that of Chicago, will also receive attention, as it is now in successful operation in Germany.

Measures for the better protection of the ballot box will be devised, so that the purchase and intimidation of voters, the repeating and cheating going on in New York City and in the South, may be checked, if not prevented.

The tariff will also be revised and taxation diminished, and preliminary legislation, looking toward the resumption of specie payment, will undoubtedly be enacted. Senator Sumner, and other leaders are already moving in the matter of specie payments.

Measures for the revival of our foreign commerce and for the reorganization of the Civil Service will be up for discussion, and it being a Presidential year, all the political questions of the day will be thoroughly considered.

Under the circumstances the Capital will be the political focus of unusual brilliancy and power, and the political usefulness of every citizen during the coming campaign will be in precise proportion to his intelligent appreciation of the new measures. Our local politicians and publishers must evince a disposition to learn what is new. They will not be able to instruct hearers or readers if their whole stock in trade consists of by-gone issues.

THE CAPITOL.

Visitors during the session of Congress now about to convene will find more than the usual change for the better. The widening of the south entrance to the rotunda, and the removal of the grand bronze doors from that corridor to the east front, the remodeling of the old representative chamber, the painting inside and out of various portions of the edifice, the curbing and sodding of the surrounding terrace and plateau—all add materially to the neatness and finish of this grandest of architectural structures

Professor Gardiner, the electrician, who for some years past has been lighting the Capitol gas by electricity, has been busy for a month past, with a force of furbishers, making his splendid apparatus shine. During the recess he has been called from different parts of the country to introduce his patent electrical process, which until lately has only been applied to the lighting of the National Capitol. The Grand Union Railroad depot, splendid Jewish Club House and the palatial residence of A. T. Stewart have already manifested the enterprise of New York, and the Capitol of California is also furnished with his electrical apparatus. One of the most interesting sights here is to see him light several thousand burners in the twinkling of an eye, by simply turning a crank and pressing a key. The exploit resembles the glory of Genesis, when God said "Let there be light, and there was light."

DEPARTMENTAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The Cabinet met at 10 o'clock yesterday and adjourned at half past eleven, attending to business which has not yet fully transpired.

The early and short session was occasioned by the desire of the President to accompany Mrs. Grant to the wedding of Miss Patty Miller, daughter of Mr. Justice Miller of the Supreme Court. The President and lady, Chief Justice Chase, other members of the Supreme Bench, and Senators and members from all parts of the country, youth and beauty, Japonica and Lavender, joined the *distingue* in making the affair one of stupendous *eclat*.

The bride-groom, Mr. Wm. F. Stocking, started last night with his lovely bride on a tour to the West, to return by way of Niagara Falls and New York city, reaching here in time for the new year festivities.

Several other bridal parties are already talked of as soon to come off, among the prospective brides is the youngest daughter of Admiral Jenkins, and also the daughter of Admiral Bailey, who is a favorite among the *elite* of Washington.

Quite a stir has just been made in the Treasury Department by subpœnas requiring the attendance of Assistant Secretary Hartley and numerous Treasury clerks to testify in the case of C. M. Brickley vs. ex-Commissioner Rollins of the Internal Revenue Bureau. The plaintiff claims $50,000 damages for being dismissed from the position of Solicitor of Internal Revenue by a libellous letter alleged to have been written by the defendant. The original letter seems to have been lost and a newspaper copy is all that this case stands upon.

When it is remembered that Mr. Binckly made reckless affidavits against the integrity of Mr. Rollins and others, and now confesses that he performed no considerable duty except that of swearing against innocent men, and attempting to take the law in his own hands, there will be found little sympathy, and perhaps less damages in his favor. What a Baltimore jury will do, however, remains to be seen, as the case is still on trial.

Treasurer Spinner last evening forwarded checks for eight millions of dollars in coin to parties in various parts of the country who have sent their five-twenty bonds here for redemption.

Senator Osborn, of Florida, has just requested the President to issue a proclamation with the view of suspending the writ of *habeas corpus* in Jackson and Calhoun counties of that State, which he says are under the control of Ku Klux. These names are ominous of Democracy, and *that* in the South means generally intimidation and violence to all who dare a difference of sentiment. Republicans do not dare vote in parts of Florida unless they vote the Democratic ticket, and hence no opposition votes are recorded where hundreds were formerly.

Postmaster General Creswell has just announced that a thorough investigation regarding W. F. Prosser, Postmaster at Nashville, has shown that charges against him for prosecuting claims for pay, while a member of Congress, are entirely without foundation.

The first snow visited Washington last evening. AGATE.

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

UNIONTOWN, November 29, 1871.

EDITORS GAZETTE—Sirs: I have just read the proceedings of the meeting held in your city last night, in reference to the improvement of the Ohio river, in all which I most heartily concur.

Permit me, however, to suggest some views of the matter not introduced in the discussion now embodied in any of the resolutions adopted, which it seems to me under it imperative in Congress to make the proposed improvement.

Except a few miles below Pittsburgh, the Ohio river is *national* and must be improved by national means, if at all. It belongs to no State, and no State has any right to meddle with it. It constitutes the boundary in part of six or seven States, but is *internal* to none of them, nor have they any control over it; and with so many diverse and adverse interests, co-operation has thus far proved ineffectual.

The Constitution of the United States says, "*Congress shall have power to regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several States*," thus making the powers and duties of the Government as to each co-relative and correspondent. How, then, can any Pennsylvanian or any representative from the Middle, Northern or Eastern States, while under this power, voting millions to facilitate *foreign* commerce, refuse the appropriation for the Ohio river, carrying upon its bosom a commerce more than equal to our entire commerce with the continents of Europe, Asia and Africa combined; besides the money expended on the Ohio will be for the *exclusive* benefit of our own people, while the expenditures on the seaboard are as much, if not more, for the benefit of foreigners, who for the last ten years have carried more than two-thirds of our entire foreign commerce.

To show the equality and injustice of the appropriations made by Congress to carry out these co-ordinate powers to provide for "commerce with foreign nations and among the several States," permit me to state a fact that may startle those who have not examined the subject. The fact is this, that there has been more money expended in a *single year* on the sea-board for forts and fortifications, ports of entry, light houses, buoys and beacons, sea walls &c., to protect and favor *foreign* commerce than has been expended in the improvement of all the rivers, great and small, in the United States from the foundation of the government to the present time. Draw a line around the heads of tide water and you will find that the expenditures between that line and the ocean amounts *annually* to more than all the expenditures for *internal navigation* since the adoption of the present constitution more than eighty years ago. And how do you account for this gauling injustice? It can be accounted for only by the fact, that at the commencement of the government the *seaboard* was everything, and the *interior* nothing, and afterward, while the policy of the government was dictated by the South, being opposed to *internal improvement* as well as the *tariff* they denounced these measures as *unconstitutional*, representing internal improvements as a "great sponge to absorb the surplus revenue, arrived from a high protective *tariff*," but now when the interior has grown up to be something, Southern dictation has ceased to rule. Why shall not the people of the interior demand their rights, and their just share of the public expenditures? Why shall their money like their rivers run in perpetual streams to the oceans, and no drop return by sunshine or shower, to refresh and replenish the sources from which it flows? Has not the time arrived to make this change in the policy of the government, and what object more fit and proper to begin with than the Ohio river, with its many rich tributaries, Monongahela, Youghiogheny, Allegheny, &c., besides the Ohio river is not a *State, but a National* object, it causes more commerce, accommodates a greater and a richer country, and pays more revenue, and has more kind of improvements than any river of the same size and extent in the Union. Has it not, therefore, unrivalled claims to stand at the head of the great movement which I trust will now be made by the representatives of the interior to assist and vindicate the rights and just claims of their constituents? and if they fail to do so ought not the people to supply their places with better men?

Yours respectfully, S.

Protection in the West.

Hon. Ben Wade, in an interview with a newspaper reporter, contradicts the general impression that the sentiment of the West is unanimously free trade, and states what all close observers have long been aware of, that protection is popular with the western people, and that they have placed themselves on a distinctively protective tariff platform. This improvement of public opinion in the great wheat-raising and agricultural States of the West is in great measure owing to the vigorous and comprehensive campaigns of the American Association of Home Industries, the dissemination of protection speeches and documents, and the establishment of manufactures. The last element is playing an important part. The utilization of the magnificent water powers of the Northwest and the building up of manufactures in the large cities has been the birth of a new sentiment. It partially rids the people of their dependence upon distant markets for almost every finished product, creates a home market for a considerable portion of their surplus breadstuffs and provisions, saves transportation to the East, attracts immigration of industries, adds to the general wealth and prosperity.

The western people are growing wise by experience. They see retained at home the values that formerly found their way to the seaboard or across the water, and transact at their very doors their exchanges. Conviction in favor of a protective tariff is daily gaining strength with them, and we would not be surprised in a few years to find its most ardent advocates at Chicago, Milwaukee, Joliet and Detroit. They are fast realizing that the tariff is not alone in the selfish interest of manufacturers, and that free trade, instead of increasing the farmer's profits and cheapening his clothing, his ploughs, and the other manufactured articles of his consumption, is more for the pecuniary advantage of the importer and foreign manufacturer.

Mr. Wade, who is doubtless well informed as to the status of Congress, believes that the committees will be constituted in favor of the continuance of the present tariff policy. His opinion may be taken for what it is worth, but the votes of Congress must be regarded with uncertainty. The ignorance of economic questions displayed by a majority of members of the House last winter was by no means creditable to their statesmanship or hopeful of their future.—[Philadelphia *Press*.]

GOOD GRACIOUS! Here is indeed, an actonishing series of domestic incidents. In West Troy, a week ago, G. W. Brazee, returning to his home, found on a sofa, the wife of his bosom, and an unscrupulous tailor, named Hayes. He was naturally indignant at this, and determined to be his own Judge Lynch and private avenger. He therefore procured a pot of tar, ripped open a feather bed, and did actually then and there tar and feather his own wife—an act, it is believed, quite unprecedented in the annals of domestic life. This done, this enraged good man proceeded to deal with the tailor, and as a new, signal, and and impressive revenge burned off the whiskers of the serpent. What this stern gentleman did next we are not informed; but if he finds this sort of proceedings a relief to the betrayed and over burdened heart, he should publish a certificate of the fact for the benefit of his fellow sufferers.

CORNS.

The complete solvent and destroyer of Corns will be found in the Corn Solvent sold in pencils, which is touched to the corn, or bunion, or wart, and in a few days it is completely dissolvid and the place left smooth and healthy. Be careful to get none but those sold at KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street, as many of the Solvents made in imitation of these are worthless. Price 50 cents; 60 cents by mail.

THE BEST SYRINGES, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST TRUSSES, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST BANDAGES, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST ELASTIC STOCKINGS.
THE BEST BREAST PUMPS, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST BED-PANS, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST SUPPORTERS, ALL KINDS.
THE BEST SHOULDER BRACES.
THE BEST SUSPENSORY BANDAGES.

The best and most complete assortment of all sorts of mechanical appliances, for sale constantly at Dr. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

CONGRESS WATER! CONGRESS WATER!
Twenty-five cases direct from the Springs, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

The new and splendid stock of Drugs, Fine Sponges, all kinds, every size, shape and form. Toilet articles all styles. Toilet Sponges, the finest quality in the city, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE AND FAMILY MEDICINE DEPOT.
Corner of Penn and sixth (old St. Clair) street.

THE TRUE GROUND OF CONFIDENCE.

Whence comes that firm reliance, that absolute, undoubting faith in the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy for indigestion, bilious disorders, in remittent and remittent fevers, which notoriously prevails in all parts of the United States? This confidence has been growing for twenty years, and it is still extending. It is not the result of credulity; it has not been engendered by any human device, but is the spontaneous and natural consequence of experience. What people see daily going on under their own eyes they cannot question. When families in unhealthy districts, that resort to this wholesome vegetable tonic as a preventive, escape periodical fevers, and their immediate neighbors, who neglect that precaution, are prostrated by the disease, how is it possible that the phenomenon should be without its lesson? In the manner when it is seen that obstinate cases of dyspepsia, of liver complaint, of constipation, of nervous weakness, and of general debility, yield to the operation of the famous remedy, how can even incredulity itself withhold its endorsement? Eye-witnesses of the salutary effects of the bitters are to be found in every civilized settlement on this continent. The thousands upon thousands who owe their restoration to health and strength, or their preservation from sickness to its extraordinary medicinal properties, are enthusiastic in its praise. The multitudes who recommend it in a neighborly way to their friends and acquaintances, as well as those who make public their estimate of its virtues, are always ready to state their reasons for the faith that is in them. They have all either felt or witnessed its beneficent operations.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Furs, Furs, Furs!

M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Respectfully call the attention of their customers and the public to their very extensive stock of Ladies, Miss s and Children's FURS, embracing every quality and style.

Elegant Seal Skin Sacques,
Elegant Astrachan Sacques,
Elegant Hudson Bay Sable Sets,
Elegant Mink Sable Sets,
Elegant Seal Skin Sets,
Elegant Royal Ermine Sets,
Elegant Black Martin Sets.

Fitch, Squirrel, Alaska, etc., and all the grades of FURS manufactured.

Our Goods are the Very Best, and we guarantee to sell at New York and Philadelphia prices. ROBES, of all kinds. MUFFS, GLOVES, GAUNTLETS and MUFFLERS in great variety.

no10:57:3-MWF

FABER &
VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED

RAFFLE—WILL BE RAFFLED at Fast Liberty Stock Yards, on WEDNESDAY, December 13th, 1871, a thorough bred OHIO STEER, weighing the enormous weight of 3,500 pounds, said to be the finest and largest ox-lock ever fed in Ohio; can be seen at Stock Yards until time of raffle; to be raffled off at $350. 110 chances at $5 each; also on exhibition, a very fine HEIFER, which will be disposed of at same time. All Butchers wanting fine beef for holidays, will call and judge for themselves. We defy the State to beat this steer for openness, style, weight and quality. no20:23

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

Skirts! Skirts!
SKIRTS!

A large stock of Printed, Embossed and Velvet Trimmed, All-Wool Seamless Felt Skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Knit Underskirts, at bargain prices.

AT $1.50 AND $2.
All-Wool Felt Skirts,
Printed Borders, Decided Bargains.
AT $2.
Fine Felt Skirts,
Velvet Trimmed, a Great Bargain.
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

A large and choice stock of all the latest novelties in Woolen and Broche Shawls, Long and Square Black Thibet Shawls.

Ladies' and Misses'
CLOTH SACQUES,
RICHLY TRIMMED.
Mantilla Velvets
AND
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

NEW
FALL GOODS,
AT
Macrum & Carlisle's,
27 FIFTH AVENUE.

New Embroideries and Laces,
New Gimps and Fringes,
Hosiery and Gloves,
New Shell and French Jewelry,
Ribbons, Scarfs and Sashes,
Zephyr Wool and Slipper Patterns,
Gents' Fine Shirts, Collars & Bows,
Undershirts and Drawers, complete line.

EVERYTHING
At Lowest Prices.
TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"United Presbyterian"

Offers unusual advantages as an advertising medium. It is a large, double sheet, Weekly, Religious and Secular Newspaper. It enters upon its Thirtieth Volume, January 4, 1872.

REASONS WHY

the *United Presbyterian* is unsurpassed, if equaled, by any newspaper in the West.

FIRST—The *United Presbyterian* has a MUCH LARGER CIRCULATION than any paper published in the United Presbyterian denomination, and as large or larger, than any other religious paper published in that portion of the country.

SECOND—It goes into thousands of families weekly, many of whom take no other.

THIRD—No advertisement of an objectionable kind will be inserted, and the space alloted to advertisements is limited.

FOURTH—The terms are very moderate in proportion to those charged by periodicals of scarcely half the circulation.

NOW IS THE TIME
To Make Arrangements to Advertise.

Call and see our list of subscribers or address the proprietors,

H. J. MURDOCH & CO.,
no27:w36 74 THIRD AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

STEAM HEATING
BY
High or Low Pressure.

Estimates furnished on application. Send for Pamphlet, with references, to

GEO. W. BLAKE,
215 Centre Street, New York.
oct8:w36

"GUIDING STAR."

We now have a full supply of the celebrated "Guiding Star" brand of Flour, Which we are offering to the trade at prices that can't fail to please.

WATT, LANG & CO.,
Nos. 172 and 174 Wood Street,
no6 Sole Agents for the Mills for this city.

J. WECKESSER, C. SONNENBORN,
C. SCHIENLE, H. BECKER.
A New Establishment,
WECKESSER, SCHIENLE & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Furniture and Upholstery,
127 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

TREES! TREES!

Persons intending to set out Orchards or Beautify Grounds, should examine our immense stock of Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Cherry and Ornamental Trees; Evergreens, Roses, Shrubbery, Conover's Colossal, Asparagus, Greenhouse Plants, &c., &c., all of our own growth. Also a large selected stock of

IMPORTED BULBOUS ROOTS,
Wholesale and Retail, by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield St.,
se25 MWF-3

T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of first-class
FURNITURE.
McDonough's Lounge Bed,

the most simple in construction, therefore less liable to get out of order than any lounge been in use. Price $20 to $30, at

21 Smithfield Street.
no7:d30

SIEBERT & BERG,
DEALERS IN
Leather, Hides, Oil
AND
SHOE FINDINGS,
No. 406 Penn Street,

Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather, French and Common Kips and Calf Skins, Upper Leather, Morocco, Linings, Lasts, Threads, Nails, &c., which they which they will sell at lowest cash prices. au14:y19

ARTHUR KIRK,
AGENT FOR
Hazard's Blasting, Mining and
Sporting Powders,

All kinds of Fuse constantly on hand. Orders promptly filled, at
No. 19 SEVENTH STREET, (late Irwin)
au15 PITTSBURGH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

COMFORTS,
Blankets, Blankets,
COVERLETS.

At $2 and $2.50 a pair, Gray Blankets, slightly imperfect—great bargains.

Flannels,
Cassimeres,
Waterproof Cloths,
A LARGE STOCK AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

DRESS GOODS.

Extra good bargains in Poplin, Serge and 6-4 All-Wool Soft Plaids.
A complete stock of Mourning Dress Goods. Black Alpacas, Colored Alpacas.
Plain and Corded Poplin Satines.
All Wool Serge Cloths, Silk Warp Epinglines.
Rolled Silk Poplins, Japanese Silks.
Black Silks, Plain Dress, all colors, at the lowest prices.

At 10c., all the best styles and makes of Prints.
At 25c., Fine French Chintzes, rich styles.
At 25c., Fine Striped Poplins, a great bargain.
At 37½c., Satine Cloths, all the new winter shades.
At 20c., Double Warp Poplins, worth 50c.
At 12½c., Good Styles Delaines, best Cloths.
At 12½c., Plain Gray Carpet.
At 12½c., Bookfold Barred Flannels.
At 25c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels.

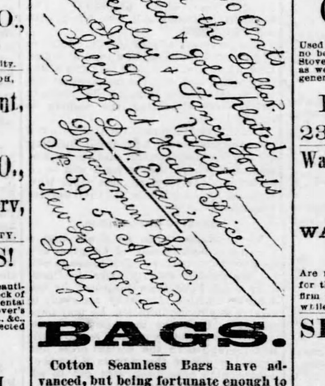
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

115. 115.
COUNTRY
MERCHANTS

Are invited to call and examine our large new stock of Fall and Winter Goods, just opened, and which will be kept up during the season by the daily arrival of new goods. We offer everything at the lowest Eastern prices, and propose to save the buyer the expense of a trip East and his freights. We are sole Agents for Fullerton's Freeport Barred Flannels, Greenville Barred Flannels, Blankets and Yarns; also, sell Bradley's Emdale and Eastern Flannels at less than mill prices. We have an elegant line of Silks, Poplins, Plaids, Satines, Epinglines, Merinos, Alpacas, Repps, Delaines, Waterproofs, Black and Colored Velveteens, Shawls in Plaids, Stripes, Thibet, Broche and Paisley; Skirts, Embossed, Printed, Seamless, Felt and Balmoral; Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Cantons, Towelings; Flannels, Red, White, Yellow and Grey in plain and twilled; French Plaid and Opera Flannels in all colors; Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Satinetts, Blankets, Bleached and Brown Sheeting (all widths and qualities); Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Combs, Buttons, Braids, and an endless variety of Notions and Small Goods purchased by every Merchant, all of which we propose to sell at bottom prices.

CALL AND SEE,
AT
115 Wood Street.
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.
se26:n30

BAILEY & C
Chestnut & 12th Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA,
Jewelers and Silversmiths.
FINE WATCHES,
FRENCH CLOCKS,
BRONZES,
PLATED WARE.
Quality Guaranteed.
Goods sent by Express on approval.
TTHS



BAGS.

Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture Bags called the Philadelphia. A Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels.

We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.

JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,
347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

DREKA,
Importer and Retail Dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING,
PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING
MONOGRAMS, ARMS,
ILLUMINATING, &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET,
MWF Philadelphia.

UNITED STATES
Law Association.
PITTSBURGH BRANCH,
No. 96 Fifth Avenue.
J. M. GAZZAM,
Director for Pennsylvania.

Collections made and Legal Business attended to everywhere.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

Furs, Furs, Furs, Furs.

A choice stock of Ladies, Misses and Children's FURS at very low prices.

CHILDREN'S
KNIT SETS,
Capes and Muffs.

Ladies' and Children's Woolen Hoods.
Ladies' White and Colored Nubias.
Ladies' and Children's Woolen Gloves.
Roman Striped Woolen Scarfs.
Roman Striped Silk Scarfs.
Broche Scarfs, all colors.
Plain, Plaid and Roman Striped Sash Ribbons.
Rich Velvet Edged Sash Ribbons.
Ladies' and Misses' Hats and Bonnets.
All kinds of Hat and Bonnet Trimmings.
Trimming Velvets and Plushes.
Velveteens and Terry Velvets, all colors.
Silk and Velveteen Ribbons.
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows.
Gents' Hosiery and Gloves.
Gents' Plaid Flannel Shirts.
Gents' White Dress Shirts.
Fancy Jewelry, Jet and Gold Bracelets, and a great variety of Fancy Goods, at very low prices.

Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

GRATES.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
WELLMAN PATENT
Reflector Stoves
AND
GRATES,
KELL'S PATENT
IRON HEARTH,
The Anchor Sad Iron,
FIRE IRON STANDS, &C.

The Reflector Is the best and Cleanest Grate in existence. It consumes less fuel and produces more heat than any other. We challenge a trial.

The Iron Hearth Will be found more desirable and cheaper than either Marble or Brick.

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF THE
Anchor Sad Iron Has induced unprincipled parties to adopt our style with the intention of deceiving the public. We caution our customers and the public generally against this fraud.

Our Irons are all PLANED and bear the ANCHOR (our Trade Mark) on the upper side.
Samples of the Grates may be seen at BAILEY'S, corner Third avenue and Market street, GOODWIN'S, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the
WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
Cor. Duquesne Way and Water Street,
se23:n30 PITTSBURGH.

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."

This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any Watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.

FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
se22:n53

The Triumph
COOKING STOVES.
THE
Triumph and Jackson
COOK STOVES,

Used by thousands of housekeepers. There are no better operating or more substantial Cooking Stoves in the market. Warranted to Bake or Roast as well as any other make. For sale by dealers generally and manufactured by

BISSELL & CO.,
235 Liberty Street.

Watches, Chains and Jewelry
FOR THE
HOLIDAYS.
WATTLES & SHEAFER,
101 Fifth Avenue,

Are receiving this week a large stock of Goods for the Holidays, just purchased by one of the firm in eastern cities. Call and make selections while the stock is full and new. no29

SETH THOMAS
CLOCKS,
HASLETT & KENNEDY,
79 Smithfield Street.
no25

LUMBER! LUMBER!
IN YARD AND FOR SALE BY
L. WALTER & SON,
Nos. 100 and 263 RIVER AVENUE,
Eighth ward, Allegheny City.

750,000 feet Pine Boards and Plank.
175,000 feet Choice Dry Indiana Walnut B'ds.
60,000 feet Dry White Ash Boards and Plank.
25,000 feet Butternut Plank and Boards.
50,000 feet Poplar Boards and Chair Plank.
60,000 feet Oak and Chestnut Boards and Plank.
50,000 feet Yellow Pine.
300,000 No. 1 1¼-inch Hich. Shingles.
Walnut and

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Rooms Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au8-s31

CONVERSION

U.S. Five-Twenty Bonds

Holders of Five-Twenties of the issue of 1862, which, under the recent announcement of the Secretary of the Treasury, will be paid off in December next, have special and immediate reason to consider the question of conversion, unless they wish to receive coin for their Five-Twenties, or exchange them at par for bonds of the new issue, bearing a higher rate of interest.

We invite the attention of investors to RELIABLE HOME SECURITIES which we are offering for sale, yielding from SEVEN TO EIGHT PER CENT. interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield St.

nov26

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale a limited amount of the new Bonds of the

Allegheny Valley Railroad Company,

bearing 7 per cent. interest, FREE OF ALL TAXATION. Principal and interest guaranteed by the

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES received in exchange at Market Rates.

N. HOLMES & SONS,

57 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

no2-TF9

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages.

Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.

Collection made.

COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST.,

au9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(SUCCESSOR TO S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood St.,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS

On Most Favorable Terms.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at low rate of interest.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Finance and Trade,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, December 2, 1871.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations in bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Friday.	Saturday.
Bond—1871	117¾	117¾
" —1962	117¾	117¾
" 1864	111¾	111¾
" 1865	111¾	111¾
" 1865 new	111¾	111¾
" 1867	111¾	111¾
10-40s	110¾	110¾
7-30s	105¾	105¾
Currency 6s	113	113
Gold	110¾	110¾
RAILWAYS		
New York Central	93¾	92¼
Do Scrip	81	80¾
Erie	30¾	30¾
Reading	114¾	114¾
Lake Shore	88¾	88¾
Do Scrip	83	82¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	125¾	124¾
Rock Island	103¾	103¾
Chicago & N W	60¾	61
Do. Preferred	80¾	80¾
St. Paul Common	55	54¾
Do. Preferred	78¾	78¾
Wabash	64¾	63¾
Do. Preferred	82	82
Ohio & Mississippi	42¾	42¾
Pacific Mail	46¾	46¾
West. Union Telegraph	67¾	67¾
Adams Express	86¾	86¾
U. S. Express	59	58¾
Wells, Fargo	57	57
PHILADELPHIA BOARD.		
Penna. Central	58¾@5	58¾
Reading R. R.	57	57
Camden & Amboy	133¾@133¾	
Lehigh Navigation	83¾@83¾	
Lehigh Valley R. R.	83¾@83¾	
Central Transportation	40¾@40¾	
Empire Transportation	54¾@5	54¾
Union Transportation	36	36
Pittsburgh City 6's	74¾	74¾
A. V. R. R. 7-30	89¾	89¾
Lehigh V. R. R.	59¾@59¾	
Phila. & Erie	25¾@5	25¾

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	110¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'65 113¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	117¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'67 114¾
U. S. 5-20s '62	111	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'68 114¾
U. S. 5-20s '64	111¾	C. P. R. R. 103
U. S. 5-20s '65	111¾	C. P. R. R. 103
U. S. 10-40s	108¾	Cy. Pacifics 138¾

NEW YORK, December 2, 1871.

Gold is dull, but steady, at 110¾@110¾. Loans were made from 4 to 6 per cent. for carrying. Clearances $55,500,000. Exports to-day $356,000; for the week $556,614. Governments are quiet and steady. The stock market is firm, but intensely dull, with scarcely sufficient business doing to make quotations. Hannibal and St. Joseph shares were exceptionally weak; common declined to 50¾ and the preferred to 75¾. Money was active at 6@7. State bonds dull and steady, except South Carolina, which declined 3¾ per cent. The following is the bank statement:

Loans, increase	$3,913,200
Specie, decrease	1,551,700
Circulation, increase	17,400
Deposits, increase	4,284,700
Legal tenders, decrease	1,500,000
Sterling Exchange 109¾.	

GOVERNMENTS—Coupons of 1881, 117¾; 5 20s of 1862, 111; do 1864, 111¼; do 1865, 111¾; do '65, 111¾; do '67, 114¼; do '68, 114¾; 10-40s, 109¾; currency 6s, 113.

STATE BONDS—Missisippi, 97; Tennessee old, 65¾; do new, 65¾; Virginia new, 67; do old, 61; North Carolina old, 35¾; do new, 35.

MISCELLANEOUS—Canton, 76. Telegraph, 67¾; Quicksilver, 24¾; Adams Express, 86¾; Wells-Fargo do 56; American Merchants' Union Express, 39; United States do 31; Pacific Mail, 46¾; New York Central, 92¾; Scrip, 80¾; Erie, 30¾; preferred, 64; Harlem, 127; preferred, 140; Hudson River, 130; Michigan Central, 117¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 124¾; Northwestern, 61¾; preferred, 89¾; Rock Island, 103¾; New Jersey Central, 91; St. Paul, 54¾; preferred, 78¾; Wabash, 63¾; preferred, 81; Ft. Wayne, 96; Illinois Centre, 107; preferred, 120; Ohio and Mississippi, 42¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 94; Hartford and Quincy, 126; Lake Shore, 88¾; Panama, 183; Illinois Central, 132; Union Pacific, 36¾; Central Pacific bonds, 84¾; Union, 91¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, December 2, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda ash, 4 cts; refined do, 6@6¼. Pearls, 9¼; Pots, 7¾. Nitrate Soda, 4¾@4¾.

BUTTER—Dealers all agree in reporting an improved demand and better prices: and we advance our quotations to $2.50@3 per bbl for fair to good and $3.50 for choice. The arrivals continue comparatively light.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales of fair to medium at 5@5½, and prime to choice at 6@6½.

BEANS—Continue to come in freely and the white market is well supplied prices are unchanged; $2@2.50 per bushel, as to quality.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Is better supply and while the market is easier there is no change in prices; $4.25@4.50 per cwt.

BROOM CORN—Is quiet and unchanged, at 9@12 cts according to quality.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand for the better grades with regular sales of prime to choice roll at 23@25. Common and medium butter quiet and unchanged.

CHEESE—Quoted at 16@16c.

CARBON OIL—Is firmer but not notably higher 30¾@32½ for car load lots.

CANDLES—Sales of small lots at 8½@9 cts per bushel.

CIDER—Is still quoted at $5@8 per bbl according to quality.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.90@3.00 per bbl; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

CRANBERRIES—Jersey cultivated, $11@13 per bbl; Bucket's Bolle Berries, $17.

CHEESE—Is quoted, in a jobbing way, from store, at 15¾@16 for prime New York Goosen; 15¾@16c for prime Ohio Goshen; 14¾@15 for Factory, and 14@13½ for Dairy.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches steady but quiet, stocks light and while the market is steady there is little doing; sales of small lots at 3¾@4 cts; halves, 2@3¾; quarters 7@7½; apples—6@7 for to medium and 7¾@8 for prime to choice.

DRIED ROOTS—Sales, in a jobbing way, at 5@5½ cts.

EGGS—The stock of fresh eggs in this market is very large and they sell readily at 32. Pickled eggs are being sold at 25@30 cts.

FLOUR—We can report a good local demand and while the market is steady there is no change whatever in prices; good spring extras, $7@7.25; good to choice red winter wheat, $7.25@7.50; choice Minnesota baker's flour $7.75. Rye flour $5.50@5.75.

FEATHERS—No. 1 live geese feathers, 74@76 cts; to the trade, small advance for small lots.

GRAIN—The market for all kinds of grain is quiet and unchanged—the demand is almost entirely restricted to supplying immediate wants of the local trade. The arrivals of wheat continue meagre and the mills are taking about all that offers at quotations, $1.45@1.47 for good to prime red and $1.48@1.50 for white. Oats generally reported dull, though dealers refuse to make concessions in order to effect sales; we continue to quote at 42@46 for mixed to prime white by the car load—usual advance for small lots. There is a fair demand for Corn, mainly, however, for small lots, while prices remain unchanged; quoted at 59@57 for car and 60@60 for shelled; as we have no reports to-day to hand, recently there is now but little difference made between old and new, and it would be well enough for country operators to make contracts at the latter rate accordingly; until within the past ten days old brought 82@10 cts per bushel more than new. Rye is quiet and unchanged—the offerings continue meagre and the demand no; urgent; may be quoted, in the absence of sales, at 85@90. Barley prices ruling nominally unchanged, 85@90 for common to prime spring and 85@90 for fall.

GROCERY—The grocery trade is generally reported quiet, though this is usually the case at this particular time and no improvement is anticipated until after the 1st of January. It is a general way for the market is devoid of any new characteristic worthy of notice. Following are the ruling quotations corrected up to date:

SUGARS—Refined—Standard Hards, 13¾; A, 12¾; B, 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; Powdered, 13¾; Porto Rico Sugars—Choice, 11¾; Prime, 11; Good, 10¾. Cuba Sugars, 10¾@11. Demarara, 12¾@13. New Orleans Sugars—Choice, 11¾; Extra C, 11¾; Yellow, 11¾; C. C. 11¾; other grades, 9@11.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 21; Prime, 20; Good, 22; Fair, 21@21¾. Laguayra, 25½; Java, 26. Mocha, 45. Roasted Coffee, pure, 26. Lower grades, 24@25.

SYRUPS—Refiners' Sugar & Elder's, 70. White Honey, 70. Lovering's, 60. Durant's, 75. Sugar Drips, 75; Brune's, 72; other grades, 60@65. New Orleans Molasses, 50@55. New crop, 75@80.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9¾; Good, 9¼; Fair, 8¾. Rangoon, 6¾@7.

SPICES—Pepper, 25. Allspice, 18. Cassia, 55. Cloves, 28. Nutmegs, $1.40.

RUST—Saltpetre, 8½@9 cts.

HAY—Is steady but unchanged; balled is selling on wharf and track at $20@23, according to quality and condition.

HOMINY—Sales at $5.50 per bbl.

HONEY—Sales at 25@30 cts.

HENP—Kentucky unassorted, $185 per ton; single dressed, $240; Scutched, $190@195.

LARD OIL—No. 1 Extra quoted at 83@85 and No. 2 at 80.

LIME—Perrysburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.35; Eastern, $1.75.

METAL FEED—Quoted at $20@21 per ton for Bran; $24@26 for Seconds, and $33@36 for Middlings.

NUTS—Chestnuts, $3.25@3.50 per bushel. Walnuts, 4@5. Shelbarks, $1.50@1.75.

ONIONS—Dull but unchanged; common reds, $2.00@2.25; prime Silver Skins, $3@3.25.

POULTRY—Live Chickens, 40@50 cts per pair; dressed, 12@13 cts; live Turkeys, 75@$1.25 each; dressed, 15@16 cts per lb. Dressed Ducks, 15@16 cts.

POTATOES—Prime Lake Shore Peach Blows, 70 cts per bushel in the boat loads, and 75@80 cts in small lots; common mixed stock, 60@65. Jersey Sweets, $4@4.25 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Pork in demand and firm, 7¾@8¾; ribbed sides, 8¾; short ribbed sides, 8¾; clear sides, 9¾; sugar cured shoulders, 7¾@8; sugar cured hams, 12@13; Lard: in tcs, old, 9¾; new 10; in kegs, 10¾; in half bbls, 10¾; Ham sausage, 11 cts. Dried Beef, 16¾. Mess Pork, $14.50; nakfast Bacon, 11.

RAGS—Sales, 4@4¼ cts per lb.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.85, by the car load. Retail sales are beginning to be in demand and the receipts continue light; $3.25@3.50, buying and $6.75@7 selling. Flaxseed, $1.80. Timothy Seed, $3. Sugar cured Ham: 13 cts, old, 9¾; new 10; in kegs, 10¾; in half bbls, 10¾; Ham sausage, 11 cts. Dried Beef, 16¾. Mess Pork, $14. Breakfast Bacon, 11.

RAGS—Sales, 4@4¼ cts per lb.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.85, by the car load. Retail sales are beginning to be in demand and the receipts continue light; $3.25@3.50, buying and $6.75@7 selling. Flaxseed, $1.80. Timothy Seed, $3. SHAKER CORN —13@14 cts per lb.

SUMAC—Tennessee is quoted at 4¾ cts per lb, or $40 per ton.

TURNIPS—Very dull; quoted nominally at 35@40 cts per bushel.

WILLOWS—Quoted firm at 10 cts.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, SATURDAY December 2, 1871.

CATTLE.

Since the date of our last report (Nov. 20th,) the market has been quiet and the volume of business light; yesterday and to-day, however, under the influence of more favorable intelligence from New York, a better feeling prevailed, and, furthermore, the prospects for next week are more encouraging. With but very few left over unsold and every indication of an improved demand, the situation, present and prospective, is better than it has been for some time past. It is true, operators generally do not anticipate any very great improvement in prices until after the holidays, but they do expect that cattle will sell more readily, and that if there is no advance, present prices will be fully sustained. If there should happen to be a heavy run next week—both here and in the east, in the meantime, of course, would not be realized, but the indications are that the arrivals at all the leading markets will be comparatively light, as it is usually the case. No quotable change in the order, nor any reason why this year should be an exception. Furthermore trade has been very satisfactory for several months past, particularly for sellers—the great majority of whom have made no money, some of them have lost, and very few, if any, more than nothing to induce them to ship, and besides many of these western shippers will drop out for the season after the close of the next few days with their families. These are some of the reasons on which a light run of cattle is based; the number of 1,112 head, we do not anticipate will be light, as expected, it is reasonable to expect an improvement in trade and better prices.

As compared with last week, however, there is no quotable change to note. Fair to medium quality sold at 4¾@5 good to prime, 5¾@5¾, and extra to fancy 5¾@6. There is some little inquiry for good to prime 900 to 1,000 lb steers, in this kind offering at these yards; however, farmers and growers want them at low prices and they can go elsewhere and get prime 900 to 1,000 lb steers, in good condition. Following is a detailed report of the sales:

Hodges, Taylor & Huff sold:

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
19	19,340	4 80	19	18,590	4 10
20	19,980	4 90	20	19,270	4 10

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold:

1	1,000	3	1	3,330	2 50
3	3,110	4 00	3	3,380	3 87

Holmes, L & Co sold:

23	23,000	4 90	18	20,100	4 10
18	21,150	4 30	31	32,110	4 35
34	41,890	4 37	16	16,890	4 50
15	15,000	4 50	5	5,130	2 50

Sadler H & Co sold:

36	per head	$52 00	15	18,850	4 75
40	40,000	4 87	17	19,730	4 50
3	3,520	3 60	17	17,476	4 35
16	17,870	4 60	12	12,240	2 90
252	18,870	Texas	12	10,940	4 25
2	2,060	4 00	36	37,580	4 25
6	7,760	5 30	3	3,520	4 75
20	20,000	4 90	17	16,730	4 50
39	37,500	4 35	3	3,570	5 00
13	13,540	4 80	15	29,980	5 00

Orr & Williams sold:

18	18,990	4 80			

Smith, Watson & B. sold:

18	21,440	4 37	18	21,000	4 50
20	18,540	3 90	1	1,070	4 25

MISCELLANEOUS SALES.

No.	Wgt.	Price.
J Crist to Hillegas	17	17,620	4 30
Greenbaum & Loeffler	27	44,040	4 00
Donahue to R Maynes	35	36,490	4 12
A Crawford to O Crawford	19	20,650	4 35
Burkett to Voetter	14	14,010	4 00
Bell	14	13,840	5 10
Judy to Conville	32	48,550	5 75
Henderson to Kleinman	18	18,150	4 35
Hamilton to Voltz	20	18,700	3 85

HOGS

The run of hogs was again large this week, though the offerings were not up to those of last week, when they were unusually heavy. During the first part of the week there was a slight advance, but prices barely sustained; within the past few days, however, with an improved demand and diminished receipts, the market has ruled firmer and prices are up 10@15 cts per cwt, to-day with but comparatively few to be quoted in our last. We report that some well informed operators were impressed with the feeling that the bottom had been reached and the course of the market since would indicate that they are not far out of the way. They contend that the rush for this season is over, that the arrivals from this out will not be so large, and that, in consequence, prices will go no lower, that when there is a change it will be the other way. It is also contended that hogs for some weeks past have been lower here relatively than in Cincinnati and Chicago, and that this, together with the improvement in prices here, will naturally cause diminished arrivals, as shippers who have been running their stock to this market will be apt to the points above named. We give the closing prices to-day at $4.25@4.30 for good Yorkers and $4.35@4.40 for prime Philadelphias. Following is a detailed report of the operations since the date of our report of Nov. 29th.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold:

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
89	25,530	4 55	57	15,720	4 25
92	25,750	4 55	57	15,720	4 25
35	9,000	4 50	71	15,500	4 25
129	36,240	4 50	261	69,930	4 20
152	37,760	4 45	61	6,930	4 20
55	13,340	4 25	101	24,410	4 00
96	25,86	4 35	65	18,570	4 25
98	26,000	4 35	71	21,180	4 25
113	6,910	4 50	114	29,720	4 25
76	20,980	4 25	65	18,830	4 25
169	43,650	4 25	206	48,440	4 25
158	48,670	4 30	43	13,380	4 50
86	25,040	4 25	51	13,260	4 15
97	27,700	4 25	46	11,920	4 15
52	11,800	4 15	49	13,020	4 15
104	25,830	4 15	79	24,020	4 25
104	23,650	4 20	106	29,910	4 25
53	16,350	4 40	83	15,950	4 20
54	14,100	4 37	57	9,980	4 15

Hedges, Taylor & Huff. sold:

100	28,150	4 45	103	26,720	4 35
21	6,250	4 25	60	7,740	4 00
84	20,820	4 25	90	26,020	
51	15,610	4 40	55	15,530	4 35
41	13,950	4 40	91	29,300	4 40
41	23,860	4 50	42	14,610	4 30
55	13,990	4 25	100	28,480	4 30
101	27,480	4 30	77	24,790	4 65
50	13,000	4 20	77	24,360	4 65
75	21,590	4 55	55	15,930	4 25
42	12,010	4 50	70	12,770	4 15
50	13,920	4 30	90	21,220	4 35
111	25,750	4 30	98	22,930	4 40
90	15,550	4 40	68	17,260	4 40

Hazelwood & Boyle sold:

112	23,640	4 25	109	24,990	4 30
101	22,350	4 27	14	3,410	4 25
31	8,040	4 45	10	1,950	4 25
57	15,570	4 35	48	11,660	4 10
52	12,380	4 15	44	13,150	4 30
83	9,340	4 20	109	32,250	4 25
93	19,660	4 15	115	25,760	4 20

Orr & Williams sold:

91	22,930	4 20	152	34,810	4 15
91	22,510	4 25	56	13,930	4 25
103	24,500	4 25	51	12,190	4 20
357	83,480	4 25	110	19,120	4 20

Ulery Brothers sold:

61	22,160	4 25	4	1,333	4 50
79	14,040	4 15	85	23,860	4 15
77	20,250	4 30	39	10,320	4 15
41	4,760	4 25	100	28,760	4 15
145	38,270	4 30	96	19,150	4 30
34	6,620	4 45	24		

Smith, Watson & Briggs. sold:

87	20,570	4 60	46	10,920	4 25
63	8,340	4 15	153	31,910	4 25
63	21,870	4 25	44	12,150	4 25
57	12,770	4 20	44	11,750	4 60
57	8,850	4 50	54	24,950	4 25
98	24,870	4 15	115	28,130	4 25
59	15,150	4 20	12	4,780	4 55
57	16,100	4 25	20	5,750	4 45
49	11,450	4 25	32	8,840	4 40
44	13,160	4 50	115	29,260	4 35
88	25,800	4 20	58	16,180	4 25
82	14,360	4 15	95	25,250	4 20

Sadler, H & Co. sold:

58	12,810	4 35	109	19,790	4 25
7	2,060	4 55	23	3,260	4 45
17	3,400	4 20	13	2,530	4 45
82	14,840	4 30	57	14,840	4 55
73	17,870	4 40	53	14,850	4 55
75	14,220	4 20	60	15,050	4 35
75	14,220	4 12	58	16,710	4 30
126	26,990	4 14	146	35,550	4 30
91	13,980	4 20	146	13,290	4 15
45	14,570	4 15	18	13,290	4 15

SHEEP.

The run of this class of stock was again light this week, footing up some 35 or 40 cars; with a fair demand the market has ruled steady and prices well sustained—some of the best sold at a slight advance say 5@5¼. The average quality of the offerings was about like what it has been recently, the bulk of the offerings consisting of the common and medium grades. Prime to extra fine wooled Ohio sheep, averaging from 95 to 105 lbs, may be quoted at 5¾@5¾, and the same grade that brought 5.00 last week would no doubt have sold readily this week at 6 cts. The bulk of the sales, however, as will be seen by reference to the report of sales, were within the range of 4¾@5¼ cts—scalawags, $2.00@2.50 per head. Following is a pretty full report of the sales since the 29th:

Sadler, H & Co. sold:

No.	Wgt.	Price.	No.	Wgt.	Price.
167	16,350	5 55	212	17,540	4 62
43	4,040	5 15	29	per head	$7 27
106	8,490	3 99	185	17,270	5 50
137	11,600	4 50	88	7,460	4 62

Ulery Brothers sold:

135	7,560	4 00			

Smith, Watson & B sold:

203	16,240	4 50	192	1,060	4 45
224	per head	$2 65	182	15,900	4 45
202	31,580	4 45	80	6,820	4 65
209	35,590	5 25	26	per head	$1 12

Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold:

393	36,040	4 45	194	15,700	3 75
65	4,890	4 45	80	7,040	5 25
24	1,920	5 50	190	17,490	4 75

Hedges, Taylor & Huff sold:

178	16,060	4 45	182	16,000	5 30

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold:

189	18,290	4 65	206	17,430	4 60
198	8,840	4 15	172	15,440	5 25
200	16,410	4 25	156	14,870	5 25
137	12,650	5 25	190	16,090	4 60

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, December 2, 1871.

There has been a little revival in the petroleum market within the last few days; this day's week trade was complete y prostrated; there was little or no demand for either crude or refined, notwithstanding prices were lower than they had been for several years. To-day there was considerable inquiry and no sellers, both for present and future deliveries, and that, too, at a sharp advance. Crude—spot or seller this year, 11¼; seller '72, 11¾; buyer at 10¾@10¾; to-day it is quoted at 10¾@10¾; Parker, then, $1.40@1.45; now, $1.37½@1.42½. Buyer last half 1872, 12¼. Refined—this day week, 20¾@20¾; to-day, 21¾ for last half of 1871 bid for January and February together, and no sellers even at the advance.

Oil Barrels, also, somewhat excited and higher; quoted at $1.65@1.70. Certificates sold at 1,500, to go to Cleveland, which is something remarkable, as Cleveland is noted as being one of the largest shipping and manufacturing points in the country. This is owing to the fact that Chicago pork packers are buying oil barrels largely for packing mess pork, the stock of pork barrels in that city having been destroyed by the fire. Receipts of crude this week, 18,750 bbls; last week, 42,350; January 1st., to date, 1,076,387; same time last year, 987,872. Exports refined this week 9,631; last week, 10,254; January 1st., to date, 680,404; same time last years, 740,389.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

D Bly & W, account J Lueck	74
Citizens O W, account W Stewart	382
Citizens O W, account L P Tuck	732
Peerless O W, account B S Duncan	1,040
Brilliant O W, account W Stewart	228
Crystal O W, account J Bushnell	696
Lisbeny O W, account F Hutchinson	459
Standard O W, account L P Tuck	794
Total	3,770

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Ralston & Waring, 310 bbls refined oil to Waring, Kinz & Co., Phila.

Total ..... 310 bbls.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

	cars.		cars.
Kloman, C & Co.	6	Moorhead & Co.	2
W. Clarke & Co, or	2	Brown & Co. ore	2
McKnight & Co. ore	2	Brown, Bonnell & Co	1
Wilson, G & Co., ore	1	M'Knight, P & Co.	2
Total			19

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

J W Porter, metal	2	Rerick & Co, metal	4
Jones & L, m	3	J Moorhead, metal	2
R. Wistar m	2	Bryan & C, metal	1
Total			24

PITTSBURGH, F. W. & C. R. R.

Lewis, B & D, metal	6	Pgh Fge & I Co, m	3
Total			9

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Byers, McC & Co. m	1	Rees, G'k Co, metal	1
Lewis, O & P metal	2	Brown & Co. metal	1
Total			4

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, December 2.—1:30 P. M.: Consols: money 92¾; account 92¾. Bonds quiet and steady; 5-20s '62 92¾; 5-20s '65 92¾; 5-20s '67 95; 10-40s 90¾.

FRANKFORT, December 2.—5-20s '62 97¾.

PARIS, December 2.—Rentes 56f 85c.

LIVERPOOL, December 2.—Cotton dull; middling upland 9¾d.; Red winter wheat 11s 7d. Flour 25@29s. Cheese 63s.

New York.

NEW YORK, December 2.—Cotton; demand fair and market firm; middling Uplands 19c. Flour firm; superfine western and State $4.80@5.10; common to good $5.35@6.00; good to choice $6.05@7.10; white wheat extra $7.10@8.25; Ohio $6.00@8.10. Rye flour $5.25@5.75. Corn meal unchanged. Whisky firmer and scarce at 93c. Wheat dull and declined; spring No. 2 $1.50@1.51; red winter No. 2 Milwaukee $1.56; winter red western $1.58@1.63; amber $1.64@1.67; white $1.65@1.73. The latter for No. 1 Chicago. Rye steady. Barley unchanged. Malt steady. Corn dull and declined; western mixed 57@58c. Oats active and firm; western and State 36@36c; white 37@38c. Hay firm at 90c@$1.05. Hops firm at 30@35c. Pork dull and heavy; new mess $15.00@15.25; old do $14.50@14.75; prime $12.50@13.00; prime mess $16.00@16.50. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats unchanged. Middles steady; long clear 7¾c; long and short clear 8c; bellies 9¾c; short clear 9¾@10c. Lard heavy; March 9¾c. Lard heavy; No 1 to prime steam 9¾@9¾c; prime kettle rendered 9¾@10c. December 9¾@9¾c; January 9¾c; March 10c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

Chicago—Manufactured generally firm; Ingot Lake 25½c cash. Iron: Scotch pig active at $34.25@36; American quiet at $34@37.00; refined English and Scotch quiet at $50@55. Steel quiet; sis sheet quiet at 17½@18c gold. Nails active; cut $4.65; clinch 4.50@4.65; horse shoe 10@10c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, December 2.—The dry goods market generally was inactive, but fairly satisfactory in a healthy condition. All raw materials are high, especially wool. The tendency of prices generally at this season is downward. Now it is upward on all woolens, as all job lots have been closed out, and raw material is so scarce and high that some manufacturers are puzzled whether to run their mills or not. Cotton goods show much steadiness, while only a limited inquiry prevails. Printing cloths are the highest and most profitable article on the whole list. Seven-yards cloths are apparently scarce, or made so, and cannot be bought for less than 7½c, while some holders ask even more. Prints are consequently firm as a rule for all fancy makes of good maddders. Deaines are moving slowly at this season; the best styles command 32c and upwards. Some of the New York Mills muslins are steady at 21c, and heavy brown sheetings 12½@13c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, December 2.—Flour firm. Wheat dull and declined; No 1 spring $1.25; No 2 $1.19¾@1.19¾; No 3 $1.19¾@1.20; seller December $1.19¾@1.19¾; seller January $1.21¾@1.22; seller January $1.21¾@1.22, closing with buyers at inside figures; winter wheat quiet at $1.30 for No 2 red. Corn dull and advanced; No 2 mixed 47¾@48c; rejected 39¾@40c; No 2 mixed, seller December, 41¾@42c; seller January 42¾@43c; seller April declined 44¾@45c; seller May 47¾@48c. Rye active and advanced; 61¾@62c for both grades. Oats active and advanced; No 2 32c; seller December 32c; January 32¾@33c. Barley active and advanced; No 2 62@63c; January 64¾c; No 3 55@56c. Pork dull and declined; mess $13; seller December $13; January $13.25; February $13.65@13.65; March $13.75. Green meats—hams 6¾@7¾c; according to averages; shoulders 5¾@6¾c. Hogs active and advanced; range for live $4@4.30; dressed $4.30@4.62. Whisky firm at 88½c; holders asking 89c.

Cotton Markets.

CHARLESTON, December 2.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18@18¼c; net receipts 2,530; sales 1,000; stock 26,000.

SAVANNAH, December 2.—Cotton firm with an active demand; middling 18¼c; net receipts 2,622; sales 2,000; stock 66,150.

MOBILE, December 2.—Cotton firm; middlings 18c; net receipts 1,060; exports to Great Britain 500; sales 1,000; stock 29,000.

GALVESTON, December 2.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 16¾c; net receipts 566; sales 200; stock 21,213.

MEMPHIS, December 2.—Cotton firm at 18@18¼c.

NASHVILLE, December 2.—Cotton steady; low middling 17¼c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, December 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and declined; State and western red $1.57@1.61; amber $1.63@1.65; white $1.67@1.68. Rye quiet at 95c. Corn less active and declined; yellow 73@75c; old western high mixed 70@73c. Oats dull; white 54@55c; mixed 52@53c; black 50c. Hersy firm; small business. Provisions firm. Lard declined

HOME NEWS.

Police Notes.—Twenty-two common cases before Mayor Brush yesterday morning. Business is falling off somewhat for a Saturday night.

Attention is called to "For Sale" on our first page of a fine farm, only ten miles from the city and three from Fleming Station, Pan Handle Railroad, with improvements, of house, barn, stable and two good orchards. See Thomas J. Jock, attorney-at-law, 91 Grant street, for particulars.

Seventh Ward Republican Nominations.

SELECT COUNCIL—(No opposition)—*John Wilson, 310.*

COMMON COUNCIL—(Three to nominate)—D. L. Fleming,* 250; Peter Speyer,* 145; James Onslow, 63; Jno. Lowery,* 251; F. D. Geist, 127.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS—(One to nominate)—C. Bauer, 76; H. Lee Mason*, 129; Samuel Nearis, 39; J. B. Hill, 46.

JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—(One to nominate)—Jos. A. Butler,* 225; Geo. Kemp, 84.

INSPECTOR—(One to nominate)—Jas. Bonebrake*, 170; Jas. McCallin, 137.

REPUBLICAN INSPECTOR—(One to nominate)—Geo. G. Jeremy, 87; Ed. C. Mathews*, 209.

CONSTABLE—(One to nominate)—Hugh McMullin, 186; M. J. Murphy, 98, withdrew.

ASSESSOR—W. J. Logan.

ASSISTANT ASSESSOR—Lake Chapman.

Fifth Ward Democratic Nominations.

In pursuance to a call of the Chairman of the Fifth Ward Democratic Executive Committee, to meet at the house of John Duffey, they met at the appointed time, and on motion it was duly organized, when it was unanimous sentiment in favor of Samuel McMasters, Esq., for Alderman, it was deemed inexpedient to hold a mass meeting, but the committee recommend the following ward ticket: Select Council—Samuel McMasters. Common Council—Robert Patterson, Thos. A. Pender, John C. Reilly. Alderman—Samuel McMasters. Assessor—Thomas Patrick. Clark (three years), Everett O'Neil (three years). John P. Devine (one year). Assessor—John J. O'Brien. Judge of Election—Hugh A. Coleman. Inspector—James Powers. Return Inspector—Patrick Connor. Constable—James J. Donovan.

An Old Subscriber.

Mr. John Sheppard, who for many years carried on an extensive baking and confectionery business on Liberty street, retired from business a few years ago, and has since from business a few years ago, and has since resided in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, resided in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, writes to renew his subscription to the GAZETTE, as follows:

"Thinking you might stop my paper for my neglect to send you the needful, please find one years' subscription for your good old paper. As I have permitted it to continue for more than two years, I should not like to be deprived of this pleasure, and although residing at the other end of the State, in reading the old GAZETTE I go through your streets, meet many old friends and feel as if in your midst again. Hoping we shall live to see Gen. Grant elected President again."

I am yours &c."

Alleged Counterfeit Dealer in Custody.

The U. S. Detectives are at work again against the dealers in counterfeit money, and their unfortunate shovers are coming to grief. A few days ago they arrested one William Romley, a resident of Columbia county, Pa., who is charged with dealing extensively in the counterfeit stuff. He was indicted at the last term of the Court in Williamsport, but managed to escape the clutches of the law until last week, when he was arrested and brought to this city.

On Saturday his case was case was called up in the United States Court, and his bail was fixed at $5,000. As he had not the necessary security at hand he was remanded back to jail, where he now awaits the action of his friends.

He is said to be an extensive dealer, and one who is numbered among the most shrewd and wary.

Workman & Davis' Repository.

Messrs. Workman & Davis, the well known carriage manufacturers, have removed their carriage repository from Federal street, to the building formerly occupied by Messrs. Stoner & Marlatt, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street, which has been fitted up in a very tasteful manner. They have now on hand a large assortment of carriages, buggies, and other styles of vehicles manufactured, besides all the latest styles of vehicles from leading eastern manufacturers, and are prepared to sell at prices to suit the times, guaranteeing every vehicle sold. Among the novelties in the way of vehicles we may mention the shifting top ride-and-drive "Jim Wagon," which has already become quite popular, combining as it does the advantage of both vehicles. The firm is also prepared to furnish the best stock of harness of all kinds, buffalo robes, etc., and are preparing to offer inducements to purchasers. The repository of this firm are still located at Nos. 42, 44 and 46 Arch street, Allegheny, where orders for new work and repairing of all kinds will receive prompt attention.

Closing Out Sale at Auction Prices.

The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Moorhouse and Carsten, No. 21 Fifth avenue. By it, it will be seen that they close out their entire stock of fall and winter dress goods at such prices that cannot fail to find purchasers. Their large (we might say) immense stock, selected with the greatest of care from the eastern and foreign markets, will be disposed of regardless of cost, and the prices have been put down to meet every man and requirement of the popular trade of our city and vicinity. This is an opportunity that is seldom offered, and from our inspection of their stock we must say that the inducements offered will suit the purses of all classes of trade. The object is simply to close out the entire stock, and theirs will be carried out to the very letter. We anticipate the ladies will take time by the forelock and give Messrs. Moorhouse and Carsten an immediate call and avail themselves of this splendid opportunity in replenishing their wardrobes. The inducements they offer are certainly deserving of a recognisance. Be sure and give them a call at their store, and make a thorough inspection through Nos. 19 and No. 21 Fifth avenue, near Market street.

Straub and Gross.

This is the firm name of a very extensive wholesale and retail hardware, cutlery, tools and implement house at No. 74 Federal street, near the depots in Allegheny city. The stock displayed by this firm is not only extensive, but embraces an almost endless variety of goods and articles usually kept in a first-class hardware store, and this variety embraces several specialties to which particular attention is given, among which may be mentioned *agricultural implements.* Farmers will find the most approved and best quality of tools and implements for farming purposes. *Every farmer should have a complete outfit of tools.* This is not a mere pretension. Carpenters will find on inspecting that the outfit is complete, and only of the best brands. *Builders' hardware,* of all kinds and of select quality, *Plasterers, Bricklayers and Masons' tools, carpenters' tire bolts, sash cord, strap and T. hinges,* locks and latches, files in great variety, shovels, spades, mattocks, scythes, rakes, &c. &c. Our readers on the south side of the rivers will find it their interest to visit and patronize this store, and the stock is so large and well assorted, the prices so reasonable, and the proprietors and their salesmen so attentive, obliging and fair dealing, and will supply with such small advances on prime cost that it would repay customs from the south side between the rivers to have their orders filled by Straub & Gross, at No. 74 Federal street, Allegheny. The firm's determination is to deserve a large share of patronage, and we have every confidence that they will succeed.

The Rubright Case.

Our readers will remember the case of Noah Rubright (no Indiana farmer, who was committed to Dixmont Hospital about eight months ago. He was a well-to-do tiller of the soil, and lived happily enough until a suspicion crept into his mind of his wife's unfaithfulness. The matter preyed upon his mind until he became a monomaniac upon the subject, and at times manifested violence. The attention of the Court was finally called to him and the matter fully investigated, when all the suspicions he seemed to entertain were found to be utterly groundless, without a shadow of fact to support them; the Court finally decided it was unsafe to allow him liberty and so committed him to the Hospital to prevent him doing harm to exonerate the persons against whom he made his assertions, and in the hope that his mind might be restored.

On Saturday the case was again called up in Court, by the friends of Rubright, who asked his release on the grounds that his malady was incurable, but that while still entertaining the same suspicions he was not violent, and expressed no desire for revenge as formerly, and that it was safe to entrust him at home again.

The Court stated that in view of these facts, they considered it proper to release him, as it was not the intention to keep him always in the asylum. If therefore proper bonds were offered to insure his keeping the peace, he would be released.

In accordance with this direction, his relatives, Michael Miller, Michael Beamer and John Hufford, gave bonds in the sum of $2,000, and an order was made directing his release.

THE COAL MINERS.

An Act to Protect the Labor of Miners in the Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania.

The following was handed to us by a miner requesting its publication. It is the intention of the miners to have the like or a similar act to it introduced at the next session of the Legislature.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that one month after the passage of this act, at every bituminous coal mine where coal is mined for sale in the counties of Allegheny, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer, Westmoreland, Washington and Greene, the miner shall be paid for all coal different sizes of merchantable coal mined by him and taken to market or sold by the operator; with the proviso that at the request of the miner, Moorhouse and Carsten an immediate call and avail themselves of this splendid opportunity in replenishing their wardrobes. The inducements they offer are certainly deserving of a recognisance. Be sure and give them a call at their store, and make a thorough inspection through Nos. 19 and No. 21 Fifth avenue, near Market street.

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SEC. 2. At every Bituminous coal mine in the aforesaid counties, where coal is dug by measurement, all cars filled by the miners or their laborers, shall be uniform in capacity, and no car or cars shall enter the mine for a longer period than three months without being branded by the Sealer of Weights and Measures of the county where the mine is located.

SEC. 3. At every bituminous coal mine in the aforesaid counties the miners shall have the right to employ a competent person at their expense as a check-weighman, who shall be permitted at all times to be present at the weighing of coal, and shall have power to test scales, measures and screens, mentioned in the first section of this bill, and whose duty it shall be to see that all merchantable coal is correctly credited to the miner, and keep a correct account thereof. When differences arise between the check-weighman and the agent or owners of mines, the same shall be referred to the Sealer of Weights and Measures of the County where the mine is located, whose duty it shall be to regulate the same at once.

SEC. 4. Any agent or owner of a mine in the aforesaid counties violating any of the provisions of this act, shall be held and deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days for each offence.

Good oysters for 25 cents per can, or 35 cents per quart, at John M. Buck's, No. 44 Diamond Market.

WARD NOMINATIONS.

Following is a list of the Regular Republican candidates for Council in the various wards of Pittsburgh, with the exception of the Twentieth ward, from which there has been no official return. The remainder of the list for the minor wards, offices is incomplete and our friends who can furnish the names will much oblige us by leaving the same at the counting room to-day. We desire to make the list perfect as a reference for voters to-morrow, that none may be deceived by the dodges which have heretofore been resorted to by opposing candidates.

FIRST WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—William B. Hunter.
COMMON COUNCIL—Josiah Cohen, Joseph M. Gazzam, John T. Fitzimmons.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—two to elect—George Wilson, Capt. A. Miller.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—Robt. C. Elliott.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Julius Franke.
ASSESSOR—Jas. Gray.
CONSTABLE—Matthew Kepp.
INSPECTOR—David Campbell.

SECOND WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Edward House.
COMMON COUNCIL—D. W. C. Carroll, J. C. Mattern, Addison Arthurs, Chas. Hauch.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—two years—Calvin Adams, M. A. Woodward.
ASSESSOR—James Black.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—Thomas S. Higlow.
INSPECTOR—H. H. McCormick.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Chas. F. Porter.

THIRD WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Major E. A. Montooth.
COMMON COUNCIL—Capt. B. Gallisath, David Sims, S. P. Fulton.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—C. C. Montooth.
INSPECTOR—James McCallister.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Peter Dressler.
CONSTABLE—Peter Kreuder.
ASSESSOR—John Ochse.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Dr. W. H. McKeley, A. Steinmeyer, Sr.

FOURTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Dr. N. McDonald.
COMMON COUNCIL—John H. Hare, James Verner, Gilbert Follansbee.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—W. A. Herron, J. C. Bergher.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—Henry Hays.
INSPECTOR—W. G. McClure.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Wm. McKnight, Jr.
ALDERMAN—Samuel Anderson.
CONSTABLE—John Tetley, Jr.

SIXTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Samuel Morrow.
COMMON COUNCIL—Peter Price, Edwin Blindley, Henry Meyer, George Moffitt.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Ernest W. Morrow, 3 years; Jacob Kebler, 3 years; John L. Hamilton, 1 year.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—Wm. J. Flinn.
INSPECTOR—Daniel Linderman.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Henry E. White, Jr.
ASSESSOR—Henry J. Thomas.
ALDERMAN—Henry J. Thomas.
CONSTABLE—Bennett Lake.

SEVENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—John Wilson.
COMMON COUNCIL—D. L. Fleming, Peter Speyer, John Lowry.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—H. Lee Mason.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—Jos. A. Butler.
INSPECTOR—Jas. Bonebrake.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Ed. C. Matthews.
ASSESSOR—W. J. Logan.
ASSISTANT ASSESSOR—Lake Chapman.
CONSTABLE—Hugh McMullin.

EIGHTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Geo. B. Chalmers.
COMMON COUNCIL—Joseph Moore, John McGymsey and Wm. Kerr.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—John D. McFaden.
INSPECTOR—Wm. Moore.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Geo. W. Gillespie.
ASSESSOR—Alex. Reed.

NINTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—John Fralick.
COMMON COUNCIL—Isaac Reese, Jame Boyd, S. Slocum.
SCHOOL DIRECTOR—W. J. McFetridge.

TENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Wm. J. Friday.
COMMON COUNCIL—Anthony Meyer, Conrad Zeigler.
SCHOOL DIRECTOR—Wm. Taylor.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—George Cromlish.
INSPECTOR OF ELECTIONS—George Strain.
RETURN INSPECTOR—David Tickle.
CONSTABLE—Gust. Smith.
ASSESSOR—Julius Richter.

ELEVENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Thomas C. McCarthy.
COMMON COUNCIL—A. G. McCandless, H. W. Oliver, Jr., John Semple, Jr.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—3 years, James Shannon, James H. McEwen.
SCHOOL DIRECTOR—2 years, Robt. A. Reed.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—W. S. Hays, Jr.
INSPECTOR—John Wagner.
RETURN INSPECTOR.—W. K. McClintock.
ASSESSOR—John Crawford.
CONSTABLE—Daniel Smith.

TWELFTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Cal Bartley.
COMMON COUNCIL—Abram Reese, Thomas G. Smith, Wm. McConway, Thomas Rosewell, Jr., J. S. Vera.
ASSESSOR—James A. Cune.
ASSISTANT ASSESSOR—John Boose.
CONSTABLE—D. Byers.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—First precint—H. J. Howel D. S. Anderson, J. R. Hill. Second precinct—Geo. Gaston, J. B. Nobbs.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—First precinct—William Sewell. Second precinct—Robert Matthews.
INSPECTOR—First precinct—H. J. Howe. Second precinct—J. F. Rivers.
RETURN INSPECTOR—First precinct—Robert McClure. Second precinct—Daniel E. Herron.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

SELECT CONCIL—E. P. Jones.
COMMON CONCIL—Chas. P. Duff, R. J. Powers.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—J. H. Hillerman, Joseph Lowry.
ALDERMAN—Robert Inder.
ASSESSOR—James M. Hunter.
CONSTABLE—George Ensor.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—First precinct—Robert E. McCoubrey.
INSPECTOR OF ELECTIONS—First precinct—Edward J. Taylor.
RETURN INSPECTOR—First precinct—Bernard Mahoney.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Richard S. Waring.
COMMON COUNCIL—Evan Jones, Simon Beyer, John Fleming, John Gray.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Wm. B. Evans, Samuel H. Baird.
ASSESSOR—Louis Walther.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—Wm. Rees.
INSPECTOR—Robert N. Craig.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Dr. D. Fleming.
CONSTABLE—Henry Helmers.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Gen. A. L. Pearson.
COMMON COUNCIL—Chas. F. Arensberg, Stephen Dietrich, Wm. M. Kim, Wm. Ramsey.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Thos. D. Keller, M. Neckerman.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—Wm. Ramsey.
INSPECTOR—Wm. Flaccus.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Jno. A. Kurtz.
ASSESSOR—G. W. Roshausen.
CONSTABLE—Jno. A. Kurtz.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—H. S. Kirk.
COMMON COUNCIL—Robert Watson and H. S. Morgan.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—David Harris, Francis Davis, A. B. Boal.
ASSESSOR—Wm. McMee.
ALDERMAN—Wm. C. Barr.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—First precinct, John Robb.
INSPECTOR—First precinct, Geo. Shannon.
C. Lewis.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—Second precinct, Herman Myers.
INSPECTOR—Second precinct—Wm. Yagh.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Second precinct, Howdon Moore.
CONSTABLE—Jacob Grah.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—John W. Riddell.
COMMON COUNCIL—Wm. C. Brown, Henry Wightman.
ALDERMAN—Joseph Mitchell.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—David Kirk.
COMMON COUNCIL—Benjamin Darlington, Henry Williams.
ALDERMEN—C. W. Lewis, David Jones.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—C. W. Lewis, three years, C. B. Leonhauser, two years, George Bendle, two years.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—S. S. Sample.
INSPECTOR—T. C. Kier.
ASSESSOR—C. B. Leonhauser.
CONSTABLE—Thomas Dahlin.

NINETEENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—C. B. Seeley.
COMMON COUNCIL—R. H. Negley, John R. Allen.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—James P. Sterrett, John Gracie.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—R. A. Cunningham.
INSPECTORS OF ELECTIONS—David Herron, H. R. McClelland.
RETURN INSPECTORS—John L. Brown, Thos. McConnell, Jr.
ASSESSOR—John Borland.
CONSTABLE—John S. Meyers.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—James Littell.
COMMON COUNCIL—A. J. Woolslayer, Henry Mosely.

TWENTY SECOND WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Alex. Chambers.
COMMON COUNCIL—Dr. A. M. Barr, J. B. Scaldeen.

TWENTY-THIRD WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—J. Lowry.
COMMON COUNCIL—H. W. Oliver, Sr., Frank Kohne.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—John A. Williams, Jas. McKibben.
JUDGE—J. Davis.
INSPECTOR—James Berry.
RETURN INSPECTOR—James B. Palmer.
ASSESSOR—James Mould.
CONSTABLE—George Mace.

WATCHING THE POLLS.

The Supervising Inspectors—The Matter Referred to a Committee—To Report This Morning.

Saturday morning the application of Messrs Reiser *et al.* for the appointment of supervising inspectors for the polls in each election district was called up.

Judge Stowe said he had looked over the list, and knew him, but was not prepared to endorse it until some additional or more definite was known. He had decided to hand it over to two persons in whom he had confidence, and if no objection were made to their report, he would approve of it on Monday morning. It was an important matter, and each party should have an opportunity to scrutinize the list. He supposed the applicants had availed themselves of that privilege before presenting their petition in court.

In accordance therewith, the papers were handed over to Messrs. Thomas M. Marshall and Marshal Swartzwelder for examination, with instructions to return them on Monday morning. As no list has yet been approved by Court, we withhold publication until this action is finally taken, in order that our readers may not be misled by the "bogus" list and the actual list which will be hastily approved.

(In presenting the matter to Court on Saturday, Mr. Swartzwelder appeared for the petitioners, and Mr. Marshall to watch Republican interests.

PRISON INSPECTORS.

Regular Meeting on Saturday.

The Board of Prison Inspectors held their regular meeting on Saturday morning. Judge Hampton occupied the chair.

The following bills were presented and ordered to be paid; J. D. Thompson & Co., brushes, &c., $28.75; A. Wilson & Co., soap, $40.50; Thompson & Smith, furnace, $13.00; J. Sussman, clothing, $13.25; Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co., blankets $73.00; Geo. Albree, Son & Co., shoes, $3.50; Daniel Wise, repairs, for October and November, $134.25; H. Freese, vegetables, &c., $29.20; John Scott, repairing jail and yard, $100.00.

The quarterly committee reported in favor of adopting the additional diet for prisoners recommended by the jail physician, to take effect as soon as the cooking apparatus can be put in proper order to accommodate the change.

On motion of Commissioner Scott the report was approved and the Committee empowered to carry out the details.

On motion adjourned.

THE ALLEGHENY PRIMARIES.

The Result on Saturday—Quiet Times and Fair Election—The Majority Greatly Reduced—Low Leads All Competitors—An Handsome Compliment to His Administration—The Ward Officers.

The Allegheny Republican Primary meetings were held on Saturday between the hours of three and seven P. M., and passed off quietly. The plan of swearing in the election officers was carried out, and seemed to meet with favor from all voters. The result was highly satisfactory in that there was, so far as we could hear, no grumblings or charges of fraud, at the close, such as have often heretofore been so freely handled. Taken altogether, the result may fairly be looked upon as the honest expression of the wishes of the people—at least those of them who voted; those who did not vote have no right to have any wishes now, after neglecting to perform their duty. The vote was not very large except in one or two of the wards where it exceeded the vote at the October election. In the First ward there was considerable feeling over "the school question," the dispute being whether a new school house would be erected or the old one made to suffice. The ticket in favor of the "old" school house was elected with one exception. In the Second ward the contest was on the Aldermanship, six candidates being in the field. The colored voters in the Third ward put forward one of their men for Common Council, but failed to develop sufficient strength to elect him—though polling a large vote. The Ninth ward was divided on election for ward officers—the vote simply being in the Mayoralty contest. In many of the wards the officers did not get through "counting up" until after midnight.

Below will be found a summary of the result, showing the successful candidates. We give the vote in

THE MAYORALTY CONTEST.

	Callow.	Conley.	Smith.
First ward	124	4	90
Second ward	471	224	184
Third ward, 1st precinct	230	117	153
" 2d "	57	56	57
Fourth ward, 1st prec't.	147	62	44
" 2d "	235	23	32
Fifth ward	254	177	209
Sixth ward	264	270	30
Seventh ward	270	35	24
Eighth ward	105	37	16
Ninth ward	81	35	1
Total	3,219	1,160	659

Callow's majority over Conley, 2,059.
Callow's majority over Smith, 2,560.
Callow's majority of all the votes, 1,400.

WARD OFFICES.

FIRST WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Andrew D. Smith.
COMMON COUNCIL—Samuel B. Smith, Wm. P. Hunker.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—For three years—Dr. John Hamilton, Henry M. Long. For one year—A. F. Matthens, C. E. Willis.
ASSESSOR—John Sidebottom.
ALDERMAN—C. D. Smith.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—Alex. Hanna.
INSPECTOR—David Barker.
RETURN INSPECTOR—James Crawford.
CONSTABLE—James Cornelius.

SECOND WARD.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—Wm. Murdock.
SELECT COUNCIL—Robert Stewart.
COMMON COUNCIL—T. F. Grubbs, John Targart, Jr., Alf. Slack.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Joseph Sprague, John Brown, Jr.
ALDERMAN—James Hunter.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—C. W. Benny.
GENERAL INSPECTOR—Robert Dilworth.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Thomas Pepperday.
CONSTABLE—Daniel Schell.
ASSESSOR—John Sterritt.

THIRD WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Nicholas Yeoghley.
COMMON COUNCIL—Conrad Hastings, James Stedeford, Thomas Brown, Frederick Altvater, William Wettach.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Francis Torrance, Frederick Beckert.
CONSTABLE—Philip Wilis.
JUDGE OF ELECTION—Arthur Hobson.
INSPECTOR—David Hastings.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Samuel F. Duncan.

FOURTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—John Megraw.
COMMON COUNCIL—Peter Wachter, Jr., Hugh McNeill, George Tomlinson, Hugh McDonald.
ALDERMAN—D. M. Mullen.

FIFTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—S. B. Negley.
COMMON COUNCIL—S. S. Johnson, James Gilleland.
SCHOOL DIRECTOR—D. L. Patterson, John C. Donaldson.
POOR DIRECTOR—Geo. J. Parkins.
ASSESSOR—Jas. Parker.
JUDGE OF ELECTIONS—Wm. J. Caughey.
INSPECTOR OF ELECTIONS—Richard McDonough.
RETURN INSPECTOR—Nathaniel McClinton.
CONSTABLE—John Irwin.

SIXTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Alex. Cochrane.
COMMON COUNCIL—William Rowbottom, Thomas Jones, Jr.
ALDERMAN—R. A. Sampson.

SEVENTH WARD.

SELECT COUNCIL—Fred. Beilstein.
COMMON COUNCIL—J. G. Walker, William Ray.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—M. Ley.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—J. Bert, E. Toerster.
CONSTABLE—R. Fredericks.

EIGHTH WARD.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—Ernest Eggers.
SELECT COUNCIL—One to vote for—George Moul.
COMMON COUNCIL—Two to vote for—Simon McRoberts, John C. Fischer.
SCHOOL DIRECTORS—Five to vote for—A. N. Burchfield (three years), George P. Wilhelm (three years.)
ALDERMAN—One to vote for—Herrman O. C. Oehmeler.
ASSESSOR—One to vote for—Simon McRoberts.

GUARDIANS OF THE POOR.

Meeting on Saturday—Letter From Mr. Patterson—Various Reports—And Other Business.

The Board of Guardians held a meeting on Saturday afternoon at their office.

The following letter from Chas. Patterson, Superintendent of the City Poor Farm, concerning rations and complaints recently made, was received;

GUARDIANS OF POOR—*Gentlemen*: Your attention is respectfully invited to the following: Complaints have been made to some members of your honorable board, and by them to me, in regard to visitors to our institution. I have thought it my duty to invite the visitors as to their entertainment. There are many visitors to this institution from various motives, and we have found it the part of common courtesy to invite them to partake with us of such as we are having at the time, and we also deemed it the part of common courtesy to invite them to share the hospitalities of our house as an error, the Board of Managers will greatly release us from their entertainment. Many visitors at times are thoughtless of the time by taking such action as will in future regulate this disturbing element—visitors. Allow me to say that we have visiting days, and on which visitors may be admitted, and on no other. Thursday would be a suitable day.

The above note is worthy of notice, but with a desire to be placed in the right position, and to do what is right in the premises, is most respectfully submitted by

W. D. PATTERSON,
Superintendent City Poor-farm.

A member of council then arose and made a motion, which was seconded, appointing Thursday as reception day for visitors.

Mr. Hartly objected to this as an amendment to a resolution to the effect that all visitors to the city farm, except officers of the board, be required to obtain a written order, secretary authorizing the superintendent to admit them. The amendment was carried, and then the motion as amended was carried.

Moved and carried that the monthly committee be instructed to procure a number of cards and post them in conspicuous places, notifying visitors that they are not permitted at the city farm.

The report of Mr. Patterson showed that on November 1 there were 242 inmates in the house. Admitted during the month 28. Discharged, died &c., 31. Remaining in house 207. Net decrease in month 3.

The reports of Doctors Ward, Umbstaetter and Benham were received and filed. The resignation of Dr. Umbstaetter was offered and accepted, and Dr. W. J. Foster elected by acclamation to fill the vacancy.

A resolution was offered by General Sweitzer, and accepted by the board, authorizing the secretary to procure a book in which to record the names of all persons applying for permits to visit the farm, and the date of issuing the same.

Mr. Smythe offered the following:

Resolved, That the resolution passed in relation to the regulation of issuing permits to visitors to the City farm shall in no manner be construed as to refer to the members of councils, but that they are cordially and cordially invited to visit the farm at such times as may best suit their convenience. Lost.

A number of bills were presented and approved. Amount in treasury, $8,700.01.

On motion adjourned.

JAIL CALENDAR.

The Criminal Court—December Term to Commence To-Day—List of the Cases to be Tried.

This morning at ten o'clock, the Criminal Court will commence the December term—which will be interesting news to the residents of the County Jail, who have been awaiting trial for some time. Following is Warden Jordan's calendar:

For Murder—Peter Loringer and Jno. Fiynn.
Felonious assault and battery—John Kearns, Louis Schultz, Joseph Capeland.
Aggravated assault and battery—John McNamara, Wm. Kane, John Copeland.
Robbery—Michael Hollerin, John Capeland.
Horse Stealing—James Lewis, Owen McCafferty.
Assault and battery with intent to commit rape—Michael Murphy.
Seduction—Martin Clark.
Larceny—Jno. Fogarty, Thomas Price, John Fritz, David Beers, John McGarvey, Patrick Comer, Lewis Mathey, Stephen Beech, John Renner (two charges), Wm. Colburn, A. L. Gibson, John James (also a charge of malicious mischief), Andrew Murphy, Clifford Ryland, Wilbur Moore, John Hale, Katherine Vanill, Wm. Butler, Grace Lee, John Finn (three charges), Thaddeus Finn (two charges), George Knox, James Patton.
Larceny from the House—Wm. Graff.
Forgery—Matthew D. Comstock, two charges.
False Pretenses—E. L. W. Janes, A. C. Little.
Assault and Battery—Eliza Cahill, Philip Lee, Blinker McClintock.
Embezzlement—Andrew Stein.
Keeping a Bawdy House—Margaret Lofink, Mary Norris, John Allen, Wm. Norris, Sarah McKenzie.
Entering Building with Intent to Commit a Felony—Michael Cavanaugh, Andrew Reedger.
Desertion—Silas L. Davis.
Malicious Mischief—Pat. Cunningham, Mary Johnson.
Surety of the Peace—John Hobson, Charles Hunter, Peter Wickline, Wm. Patterson (three charges), Bartholomew Collins.
Fighting—Jno. Being a Confirmed Inebriate—Patrick Murphy.

The Fair at St. Bridget's Church is a decided success, and the voting on the different articles is quite lively. The following is a partial list of the votes cast: Who are Most Popular—Mr. McBride and the Misses Curtin and Nortorn. Table—gold watch, Mr. Charles Schwinie fifteen votes ahead; gold vest watch and chain, Miss Maggie Roll five votes ahead; lady's gold cross and chain, Miss Nellie Gallaher twenty-four votes ahead; gold cross and chain, Miss Agnes Berry twenty-four votes ahead; child's set, Carrie Stewart forty-eight votes ahead. Mrs. Gallaher, who are Miss Maggie Ward's table—gold watch and chain, Miss Lizzie Wagman 45 votes ahead; gold cross and chain, Miss Bridget Gleason fifty-one votes ahead; wax cross, Miss Annie Black forty-eight votes ahead; toilet set, Miss Mary McCallum twelve votes ahead; parlor fender, Mr. John McClory twelve votes ahead; parlor coal vase, Miss Emma Pendergrass twenty-four votes ahead; box of shells, Miss Mary Mooney nine votes ahead; oil painting, Mr. Jacob Gaiser fifteen votes ahead. In connection with the other attractions at the Fair on next Tuesday and Thursday evenings, Prof. Henderson will display his beautiful chromotropes and diorama. Admission as usual, fifteen cents.

BREVITIES.

SMALL-POX about over.

VOTE early to-morrow.

OUR manufacturers are all very busy.

THE Coombs' troupe are moving this way.

THE young folks patiently await for skating ice.

DR. JACKSON is out of the field as a candidate.

THE remainder of the month promises to be cold.

SMALL-POX abating—fourteen deaths last week.

NOW is the time to advertise for the holiday trade.

POOL SELLING is quite a thin electioneering dodge.

WATER to-day, excursion parties to Washington.

BEWARE of last cards played in the Mayoralty game.

GET ready to read the President's message to-morrow.

VICTORIA WOODHULL don't think much of Pittsburgh.

GIVE your employees all a chance to vote to-morrow.

BLAINE'S funeral wagon was out again on Saturday.

HOWELL JONES, Esq., is in the city on political business.

BE CAREFUL of your pet birds and fishes this weather.

BETTING on the election may cause you to lose your vote.

MANY of the old Councilmen will be returned to-morrow.

MORGAN'S friends confidentially count on a large majority for him.

THE river men who went out on the recent rise are all nearly home again.

THE typhoid fever of the genuine type prevails in the city to some extent.

THE DE MARK'S church was crowded to the utmost capacity last night.

THE police just now hardly know which side of the Mayoralty contest they are on.

THE Sabbath was the eve of a very important municipal election. It seems there are a great many people who overl